THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 35. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1900. NO. 37.

THE COUNTY.

The result in Cameron county on Legislature and Congress is not a surprise to those informed of the true situation three days in advance of election. The defeat of Mr. Moore rests with the men who placed him before the people and then betrayed him in a most shameful manner. The Insurgents almost to a man voted for Mr. Blumle. This, added to the great popularity of the democratic nominee, and the wholesale boodle campaign was more than could be overcome. Hence Mr. Moore's defeat. Let the responsibility be placed where it belongs. The handsome vote given our National and State ticket is highly gratifying. Congressman Sibley was bitterly assailed and in some quarters terribly betrayed, in the interest of reform (?) We are satisfied and proud of the course of this journal throughout the campaign. We have not conducted a campaign of personal abuse or mud slinging and highly appreciate the flattering complements given the PRESS by honest citizens of both parties. We are "the same to-day, yesterday and always."

Now let us have Peace.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The place to buy is where you get value received. N. Seger is prepared to show you a fine line of goods at prices to suit you.

We have a line of gents clothing and furnishiag goods that cannot be equaled for the money elsewhere.

N. SEGER.

WANTED.—Active parties to sell Tea, Coffee, Spices and Baking Powder to families. Liberal commission allowed. Apply to Grand Union Tea Co., 33 W. Long Ave., DuBois, Pa. 37-3t

Having secured the services of a first class tailoress, I am now prepared to do all kinds of dress-making. Tailor-made suits a specialty.

MRS. IDA HAMILTON,
4th St., one door east of Lechner's.
36-4t

Now that you have voted and some are happy while others are disappointed you mayall be hap py and none disappointed by purchasing of N. Seger the old reliable clothier.

The finest line of the best furniture, at LaBar's, for the very lowest price; will not be undersold by any one. Competition can't get down to our price.

Don't pay any attention to what others say about prices at LaBar's, but go and see for yourself. Here are some of his prices: Hard-wood beds $2.00, good cotton top mattresses $2.00, not cheap, dirty straw, but good ones; bed springs $2.00. Come and see us.

Finest line of Baby Wagons and Go Carts at LaBar's, going at your own price. Don't take my word, don't take any one else's word, but when you see for yourself you will know that others can't sell as low.

NEW CITY DRAY.—Jas. Haviland has established a new City Dray, built after the style of most popular city drays. Anyone in need of any service in this line can be accommodated by leaving orders at the Warner House. All orders will receive prompt attention. 35tf

SHAW'S PURE MALT.—The sick and delicate need a gentle tonic-stimulant. It is often a matter of life and death with them.

The ideal nutriment and restorative is SHAW'S PURE MALT.

Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

YOUNG MEN WANTED, with fair education and good character, to learn telegraphy, railroad accounting, and typewriting. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalogue.

GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE,
16-26t Lexington, Ky.

Foot Injured.

Contractor W. H. Cramer, while superintending the erection of the bridge across the river at the foot of Broad street, met with a painful accident last Saturday afternoon. A large stick of timber fell upon his left foot, severely injuring that member. He is able to be out by the aid of crutches.

Arm Broken.

Mrs. Elizabeth Watts, who is making her home with her son, Mr. Wm. Snyder, on Cherry street, met with a painful and serious accident last Tuesday morning while walking up Fourth street. When in front of the vacant lot, owned by the Creighton estate, a defective sidewalk caused her to fall violently, breaking her right arm and otherwise seriously injuring the aged lady, who is in her 79th year and quite feeble. Dr. Bardwell is attending her. No doubt this will be another bill of damages for the Borough to pay.

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand.
tf

To Our Insurgents.

President McKinley: "How about Sibley? Is he safe?" This was the first question asked by our President when he arrived at Pittsburg on Wednesday.

Pleasure's Realm.

Eli Perkins, the noted humorist, will soon appear here under the auspices of the Baptist church.

The Ithaca Conservatory of Music Concert Company is booked for Emporium Tuesday, December 11th.

The Young People's Society of the Presbyterian church presented the drama "Above the Clouds" last Friday night. All the parts were admirably taken, and the entire performance was highly creditable. The audience was one of the largest of the season and the profits were of generous proportions.

Charles F. Underhill (Impersonator) will be the next attraction in the People's Star Course. He will present the play of "The Rivals," universally regarded as his masterpiece. This is the play made famous by Joseph Jefferson, and in the hands of Mr. Underhill, it is said, the interpretation of the several characters is highly artistic and realistic. The chart opens Friday, November 16th, at 9 a. m.

The opening of the People's Course with the Aeriel Ladies' Sextette, of Cincinnati, was, in every way, auspicious. The audience was large, representative and thoroughly appreciative. The Sextette, in the unanimous verdict of the public, is the peer, if not the superior, of any similar company of artists that has ever appeared here. Encore and double encores were demanded by an audience that seemed insatiable. In solo and ensemble work they are equally strong. From the first to the last number of the strong and varied program the delight of the audience was keen and constant. The readings of Mrs. Marguerite Smith were given with exceeding simplicity and naturalness, and left no doubt in the minds of her auditors of her thorough mastery of her art. A return date is much desired, but the possibility of this is precluded by the fact that their entire time is taken to the end of the season.

After the Battle.

The next day came rain but McKinley, Roosevelt, Sibley and the entire State ticket is handsomly elected.

W. T. Young is elected to the Legislature in Clinton.

The most gratifying piece of election news is the defeat of Chisolm, the ingrate, in Huntingdon county. A stalwart Republican delegation to the Legislature is good news from Huntingdon.

Hon. B. K. Foght, is elected to the Senate from Union, Snyder, Northumberland district after a desperate battle. Good. Shake, Ben!

True Republicanism will pay in the long run.

Hon. F. X. Blumle: Good morning! May the "little Dutchman" meet the expectation of his county. The PRESS congratulates you and wishes you well.

Mr. Moore made a clean, honorable canvass and made many friends. While his defeat is something new to experience it is nothing to bear when you get used to it. Come around and we will give you some pointers—we have been there.

The Election Returns Show

That the Lackawanna Railroad has been elected Americas most comfortable Railroad. If the result of election suited you, take a trip on the Lackawanna with your family; if it went the other way, get even by taking a little journey, and forget your troubles. Remember Lackawanna Agents can sell you tickets to any point in Greater America. Excursion rates are now in effect to all Southern resorts, Cuba, Florida and the Pacific Coast. If you want to know all about your proposed trip, call on nearest D. L. & W. R. R. Agent, or write Fred P. Fox, Div. Pass. Agent, Buffalo, N. Y. 37-tf

Child Burned.

Fred. McVicker's second daughter was severely burned last Sunday morning at Driftwood, while opening a stove door with her apron. When the door opened the flames ignited her dress. Her screams attracted her mother and father, who tore the clothing from her person and extinguished the flames with water. Dr. Corbett was called and rendered all possible aid to ease the little one's suffering.

Shippen School Board Meeting.

A regular meeting of Shippen School Board was held in school building on Plank Road Nov. 3rd, 1900.

Meeting was called to order by F. X. Blumle, Pres., and roll called with following members present: Messrs. F. X. Blumle, L. W. Spence, T. Dixon, B. L. Spence, N. A. Ostrum, Peters coming in later.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved

Moved by B. L. Spence, seconded by Mr. Peters, that the following bills be paid:

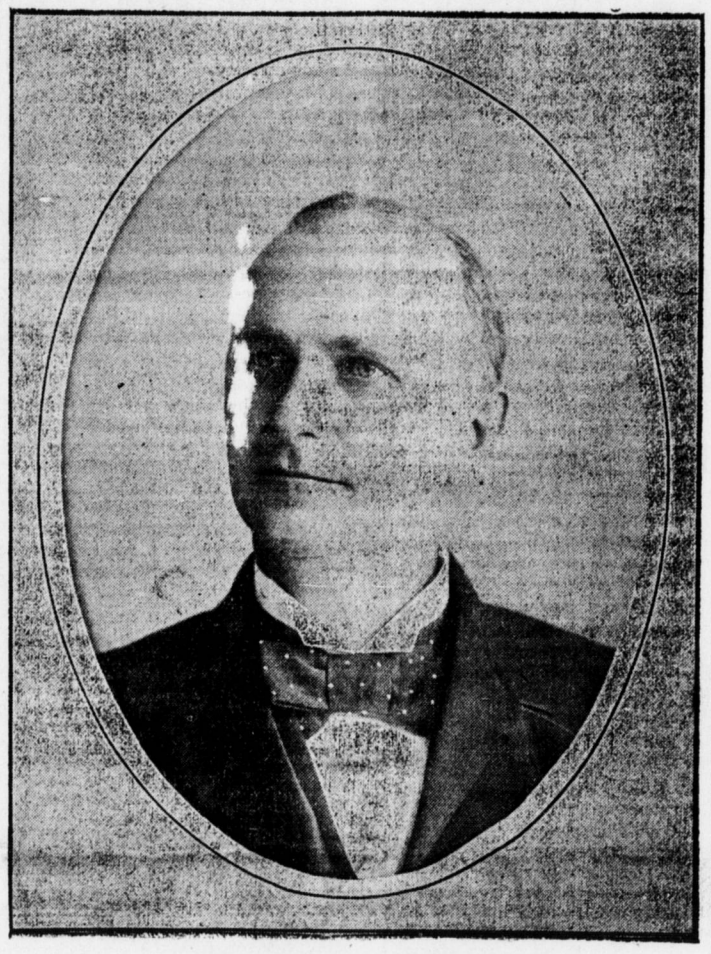
W. R. Johnson, conveying children, 20 days	$22 80
M. E. Cronk, conveying children, 20 days,	22 75
S. S. Hackett, do do 19 do	23 75
E. C. Davey, repairing Four Mile, No. 1 School House,	19 36
O. P. H. Freeman, wood at Shipgen school	20 00
N. S. Cutler, wood at Chadwick school..	24 00
Robert & Meek, for supplies	38 14
Secretary, for freight and express paid,..	3 45

After a somewhat lengthy discussion it was moved by B. L. Spence, seconded by Mr. Peters, that meeting be adjourned until Saturday, Nov. 10th, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., at Court House.

N. A. OSTRUM, Sec'y.

McKinley, Roosevelt and Sibley,

They are Elected---The Presidential Ticket will have Over 100 Majority in the Electorial College. Sibley's majority About 2,000.



Hon. Joseph C. Sibley.

THE GREAT LANDSLIDE.

STATES.	Vote In 1896		VOTE IN 1900.		
	McKinley	Bryan	McKinley	Bryan	Doubtful
Alabama	..	11	..	11	..
Arkansas	..	8	..	8	..
California	8	1	9	..	..
Colarado	..	4	..	4	..
Connecticut	6	..	6	..	..
Delaware	3	..	3	..	..
Florida	..	4	..	4	..
Georgia	..	13	..	13	..
Idaho	..	3	3	..	..
Illinois	24	..	24	..	..
Indiana	15	..	15	..	..
Iowa	13	..	13	..	..
Kansas	..	10	10	..	..
Kentucky	12	1	—	..	13
Louisiana	..	8	..	8	..
Maine	6	..	6	..	..
Maryland	8	..	8	..	..
Massachusetts	15	..	15	..	..
Michigan	14	..	14	..	..
Minnesota	9	..	9	..	..
Mississippi	..	9	..	9	..
Missouri	..	17	..	17	..
Montana	..	3	..	3	..
Nebraska	..	8	8	..	..
Nevada	..	3	..	3	..
New Hampshire	4	..	4	..	..
New Jersey	10	..	10	..	..
New York	36	..	36	..	..
North Carolina	..	11	..	11	..
North Dakota	3	..	3	..	..
Ohio	23	..	23	..	..
Oregon	4	..	4	..	..
Pennsylvania	32	..	32	..	..
Rhode Island	4	..	4	..	..
South Carolina	..	9	..	9	..
South Dakota	..	4	4	..	..
Tennessee	..	12	..	12	..
Texas	..	15	..	15	..
Utah	..	3	3	..	..
Vermont	4	..	4	..	..
Virginia	..	12	..	12	..
Washington	..	4	4	..	..
West Virginia	6	..	6	..	..
Wisconsin	12	..	12	..	..
Wyoming	..	3	3	..	..
Totals	271	176	295	139	13

Total number of votes in the Electoral College . . 447
Necessary to elect 224

THE PEOPLE VINDICATE COL. QUAY.

By Their Votes They Rebuke Party Wreckers.

PHILADELPHIA, November 7.

Estimates from every county in Pennsylvania give McKinley 293,583 plurality over Bryan, 1,412 less than the plurality in 1896. In Philadelphia McKinley's plurality was 125,110, a gain of 11,971 over 1896. Moore, Republican, for city treasurer, had 38,625 plurality over Hartranft, Democrat and Municipal League, and Singer, Republican, for register of wills, had 50,234 plurality over Davis, Democrat and Municipal League. Following is the vote of the city for President: McKinley, 182,627; Bryan, 57,517; Woolley, 1,343; Maloney, 265; Barker, 44; Debs, 1,006.

Philadelphia—Estimates from one-half of the counties in Pennsylvania indicate a plurality for McKinley of 200,000. In this city the fusion of the Democrats with the Municipal League cut down the Republican county majority but J. Hampton Moore, for city treasurer, and Jacob Singer, for register of wills, are elected by more than 50,000 plurality. In Montgomery and Chester counties, where the fusionists made a strong fight to elect nine anti-Quay members of the Legislature they suffered a severe set back, the regular Republicans winning by large majorjorities. Pennsylvania's delegation in the next Congress will not be less than 24 Republicans to 6 Democrats as against 20 Republicans and 10 Democrats in the present Congress.

M. S. Quay's friends are claiming they will have a majority on joint ballot favorable to his re-election to the United States Senate and the returns would appear to bear out this claim.

The control of the State Senate as between Quay and anti-Quay is in doubt with chances favoring the Quayites, though the complete returns may give the organization of that body to the opponents of Mr. Quay.

GOVERNOR STONE ON QUAY'S VICTORY.

The Triumph was the Will of the People.

HARRISBURG, November 7.

Governor Stone said to-night that the result of the election in Pennsylvania on the Legislative ticket is, as it ever had been, a triumph of regularity over irregularity. The verdict of the people is that Senator Quay having received a majority of the votes in both houses of the last Legislature he should have been elected by that body and that he will be elected by the next.

"Thus is settled in a spirited contest," the Governor continued, "the right of the majority to rule and I hope settled forever. It will result in a harmonious unification of all the Republicans of Pennsylvania. It is not a compromise nor a concession, but a complete victory for those who upheld the will of the majority. It is a great vindication for Senator Quay. He has made his fight openly and manfully. He has met every issue squarely and the people have given him their verdict. Further attempts to defeat his election are not only futile but foolish. When the Legislature convenes all who claim to be Republicans should go into the caucus and abide by the result. That caucus will renominate Senator Quay and he will be triumphantly elected.

"The people have spoken and there is no appeal from their decision. The House and the Senate will be organized by those who have upheld the proposition that the majority should rule. The people have given a vote of confidence to what is known in the politics of the State as the organization. It remains for the organization by wisdom, care, cause and conservation to justify the confidence of the people. There should be no harsh or vindictive desire for punishment or revenge. The Legislature should perform the duties for which it will convene, adjourn promptly, and wisdom in legislation and economy in appropriations should prevail."

School Meeting.

Stated meeting of Emporium School Board met at City Hall Nov. 5, 1900.

Present—L. K. Huntington, B. Egan, J. D. Marshall, E. P. Rentz and W. S. Walker. Absent—T. F. Moore.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

The following bills were ordered paid:

Milton, Bradley & Co., water colors	$ 6 72
Cameron County Press, printing examination cards	13 50
American Book Co., books	11 52
Freight and express on books, etc	1 05
	$32 79

Moved by Mr. Egan, that the president and secretary be authorized to pay all salaries during the term as they become due. Motion carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, that John Campbell, Ruby Hanes and Linda Fisk be exonerated from paying tuition, on account of residence in the borough. Motion carried.

Prof. Bastian was present and made report for the first month of school.

On motion, the board adjourned.

W. S. WALKER, Secretary.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Cloudy and Colder.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Fair.

Cameron County Official Vote.

November, 1900.

STATE.
(President)

	McKINLEY, Rep.	BRYAN, Dem.
Shippen	252	92
Emporium, W. Ward	124	69
" M. "	115	59
" E. "	87	68
Portage	42	22
Lumber	73	43
Gibson	97	63
Driftwood	65	40
Grove	116	59
	971	515
Majority	456	

(Auditor General)

	HARDENBERGH, Rep.	MEEK, Dem.
Shippen	193	95
Emporium, W. Ward	115	68
" M. "	101	63
" E. "	75	71
Portage	36	20
Lumber	64	46
Gibson	33	62
Driftwood	61	37
Grove	102	60
	840	522
Majority	318	

(Representatives-at-Large in Congress)

	GROW, Rep.	GRIM, Dem.
Shippen	203	93
Emporium, W. Ward	116	69
" M. "	101	63
" E. "	77	72
Portage	36	20
Lumber	64	47
Gibson	94	62
Driftwood	63	37
Grove	103	59
	857	522
Majority	335	

	FOERDERER, Rep.	EDWARDS, Dem.
Shippen	203	92
Emporium, W. Ward	116	69
" M. "	100	64
" E. "	75	73
Portage	36	20
Lumber	64	46
Gibson	92	64
Driftwood	62	37
Grove	101	59
	849	524
Majority	325	

(Representative in Congress)

	SIBLEY, Rep.	EMERY, Dem.
Shippen	188	134
Emporium, W. Ward	92	92
" M. "	84	79
" E. "	57	99
Portage	22	42
Lumber	60	57
Gibson	94	71
Driftwood	56	47
Grove	83	79
	736	700
Majority	36	

COUNTY.
Representative in the General Assembly)

	MOORE, Rep.	BLUMLE, Dem.
Shippen	158	177
Emporium, W. Ward	99	94
" M. "	83	96
" E. "	58	103
Portage	21	42
Lumber	59	60
Gibson	90	73
Driftwood	60	48
Grove	93	75
	720	766
Majority		46

(Prothonotary, Register, Recorder, Clerk, Etc.)
GOODNOUGH, Rep.
(Endorsed by the Democrats.)

Shippen	306
Emporium, W. Ward	189
" M. "	163
" E. "	150
Portage	59
Lumber	108
Gibson	160
Driftwood	103
Grove	161
	1399

(Coroner)
BAKER, Rep. (No opposition.)

Shippen	206
Emporium, W. Ward	118
" M. "	102
" E. "	79
Portage	32
Lumber	63
Gibson	96
Driftwood	61
Grove	100
	857

(District Attorney)
McNARNEY, Rep. (No opposition.)

Shippen	200
Emporium, W. Ward	121
" M. "	99
" E. "	78
Portage	34
Lumber	63
Gibson	96
Driftwood	61
Grove	100
	852

(Jury Commissioner)

	LOGUE, Rep.	DICKINSON, Dem.
Shippen	199	95
Emporium, W. Ward	116	72
" M. "	98	87
" E. "	66	85
Portage	33	21
Lumber	62	45
Gibson	95	66
Driftwood	63	37
Grove	105	59
	837	547
Majority	290	

Lincoln—Emery received 8 votes in Middle Ward and 3 votes in West Ward.

Prohibition—West Ward, 4; Middle Ward, 2; East Ward, 9; Portage, 1; Lumber, 5; Gibson, 11; Driftwood, 1; Shippen, 5.

The Treat of the Season.

Twelve complete sets of scenery, over two thousand square yards, all on a magnificent scale, and adjustable to any sized stage, are carried by the Frank Davidson company. This assures absolute scenic perfection to each of the plays presented, and will virtually make an entire new stage in our opera house; all of the stock scenery being removed. Such a display of mechanical effect was never before attempted and is said to be alone worth seeing. The dates are Nov. 12, 13 and 14. Reserved seats, 30c; general admission, 20c; children, 10c. Reserved seats on sale at H. S. Lloyd's book store. Watch for the parade.

And the next day it rained.

Balcom & Lloyd have a new ad. in this issue. Read it.

The November movings are too numerous to enumerate.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

An Embarrassment of Riches.

It is a common thing to hear of a man being property poor, though it's a kind of poverty that isn't half common enough, but there is a man in Pittsburgh, according to the News of that city, who is postage stamp poor. He didn't know there really were so many stamps in existence until he came into his stock, and now he is eager to dispose of the lot cheap, for he needs the money. About a year ago he loaned his brother $200 to start up in a small business with a large mail-order department. Under the mistaken idea that stamps are legal tender, with a deposit of bullion behind them in the national treasury, the debtor recently paid his brother the $200 in stamps. That amount of money in one-dollar bills makes a rather bulky roll, as anyone who ever had that much at once can testify, but $200 in one-cent and two-cent stamps would fill a large waste basket. The Pittsburgh brother takes the debtor's word for the correctness of the count, for he cannot afford to hire an auditor, and his own time is too valuable. The stamps are not even in sheets. They came in little strips of from three to ten, while several thousand were sent singly. He has stocked up all his friends with enough to last them for months, but he still has enough left to begin at the other end of an endless chain-letter scheme and work it backward.

Story of a Trousseau.

In the Boston Journal the fashionable ladies' tailor relates the tragic story of "The Trousseau." The lady lived in the country. Periodically she came to town and ordered gowns without bothering about the price. "Finally one day she came to town—oh she was a fine woman as well as a fine customer—and she said: 'I'm going to be married soon. I should like as good a trousseau as you can make.' She knew what that would mean in the way of expense, but she never asked a question about prices; it was a carte blanche order, you see. Well, we went to work and imported some of the best goods—silks and satins and laces—that could be found in Paris. You may be sure that it was a trousseau we were proud of. In round figures the cost was $2,000. It was all ready a week before the date set for her marriage, and we were just about to ship it, when—what do you thing?—we got word that she was dead. She had been killed accidentally in her own house. No, we didn't lose our money. We put in our claim against her estate. It was a tragic bill wasn't it?—'Trousseau, $2,000.'"

A lady resident of Mexico, Mo., has just won a curious lawsuit brought against her by a Connecticut firm which manufactures bronze monuments. Some time ago she ordered from the plaintiffs a $384 bronze monument to be erected on the grave of her parents, with this inscription:

"The Lord is my shepherd,
I shall not want."

The engraver made it read "fear" instead of "want," and Mrs. Doty refused to pay the bill. The lawsuit followed. The judge instructed the jury that if they considered the inscription to be a material variance from the words of the psalmist they should find for the defendant, and they did so.

Many humorous features were developed in the taking of the census of 1900. One question was indicated by the remark "length of residence," which was expected to show how long the people living in various localities at the time of the census had been there. When the reports came in it was found that many of these queries were answered in figures in this way: 20x40, 15x30, etc. The enumerators had gone around with a foot rule and had measured the length of the residences of the people they counted.

Rest rooms for farmers' wives are being established in some towns in the west. They are located in the business center and are made cozy and comfortable with easy chairs, lounges, books and magazines. Some offer tea at the nominal price of three cents a cup. These rooms are sustained by women's clubs in the cities, or the merchants of the cities contribute to them, with the idea that they help to draw trade.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

The President Names Thursday, November 29, as a Day to be Set Apart for Giving Thanks for Blessings Received.

Washington, Oct. 30.—The state department yesterday issued the following:

By the president of the United States—a proclamation.

It has pleased Almighty God to bring our nation in safety and honor through another year. The works of religion and charity have everywhere been manifest. Our country through all its extent has been blessed with abundant harvests. Labor and the great industries of the people have prospered beyond all precedent. Our commerce has spread over the world. Our power and influence in the cause of freedom and enlightenment have extended over distant seas and lands. The lives of our official representatives and many of our people in China have been marvelously preserved. We have been generally exempt from pestilence and other great calamities, and even the tragic visitation which overwhelmed the city of Galveston made evident the sentiments of sympathy and Christian charity by virtue of which we are one united people.

Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the 29th of November next to be observed by all the people of the United States at home or abroad, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to him who holds the nations in the hollow of His hand.

I recommend that they gather in their several places of worship and devoutly give Him thanks for the prosperity wherewith He has endowed us, for seed time and harvest, for the valor, devotion and humanity of our armies and navies, and for all His benefits to us as individuals and as a nation, and that they humbly pray for the continuance of his divine favor, for concord and amity with other nations, and for righteousness and peace in all our ways.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this 29th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand, nine hundred, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-fifth.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

By the president.

JOHN HAY, Secretary of State.

A MURDER IN A JAIL.

Two Burglars Kill a Guard and One of the Criminals Loses His Life in an Attempt to Escape.

New York, Oct. 30.—Two colored prisoners, in an attempt yesterday to escape from the prison attached to the Seventh district court, in West Fifty-fourth street, killed Keeper Hugh McGovern, 51 years old, and probably fatally injured George Wilson, 50 years old, a "trusty" who tried to aid McGovern. One of the prisoners, Arthur Flanagan, escaped; the other, Frank Emerson, fell into the yard adjoining the prison and was instantly killed.

The prisoners were together in a cell on the first tier, on a level with the fourth floor of the prison. They sawed two bars in the lower part of the cell door and got into the corridor. They went to the nearest window, about six feet from the floor, and sawed one bar at the bottom, shoving it out and getting through. In doing this it is supposed that they encountered McGovern and Wilson, killing one and wounding the other. How this was done is not known, as Wilson cannot give an account of what happened.

The escaping prisoners used their bedding for a rope and swung from a window. Flanagan succeeded in swinging to the roof of a car stable adjoining, but Emerson did not make it and fell headlong on a pile of rails, whree his body was found with the skull crushed in.

ALVORD IS CAUGHT.

Man Who Embezzled $700,000 from a New York Bank Is Arrested in Boston.

Boston, Oct. 30.—Cornelius L. Alvord, the absconding note teller of the First national bank of New York City, who is charged with stealing $700,000 from the bank, was arrested here Monday afternoon by Chief Inspector William B. Watts, of this city, and Detective Armstrong, of New York, in an ordinary lodging house at the corner of West Newton street and Burlington avenue.

When arrested Alvord, who knew Detective Armstrong, stated that he was glad the suspense was ended and was willing to go back to New York without papers.

When asked what he had done with the money he said: "Well, $700,000 is a whole lot of money, but it goes easy." In referring to horse races, he said he had backed horses, but never on race tracks, and had owned fast horses himself. He said he had lived his life and had taken life to its full at the rate of $50,000 a year or more. He said he would not make any fight, would throw up his hands, take his sentence and after that was over would come out in the world again. He said he knew he would be unable to secure bail and that he had nothing with which to make restitution.

Otis Gets a New Job.

Washington, Oct. 30.—An order was issued Monday by direction of the president discontinuing the division of Cuba and the eastern and western departments of that division and establishing the Department of Cuba. Gen. Leonard Wood is placed in command of the new department. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee is ordered to command the Department of the Missouri with headquarters at Omaha. Gen. Elwell S. Otis has been ordered to Chicago to command the Department of the Lakes. The Department of the Missouri has been under Gen. Merriam.

MILLIONS SQUANDERED.

Count Castellane, the Husband of Anna Gould, Comes to the End of His Financial Tether.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The civil tribunal has appointed George J. Gould trustee for the Countess of Castellane, his sister. According to the pleadings in the case her husband, Count Boni Castellane, spent 23,000,000 francs in four years, whereas his income from his wife's fortune is only 3,000,000 francs.

Maitre Bonnet, when applying for the trusteeship, informed the president of the court that the countess herself recognized that the expenditure had been too lavish and that it was necessary for some one of experience and authority to manage her affairs. He went on to say that, although the countess was a consenting party to the trusteeship, it was desirable that he should furnish precise details.

The income of the countess was 3,000,000 francs. Since the marriage 35,000,000 francs had been expended, and the debts now amounted to 22,000,000 francs.

The Gould family had met in consultation and unanimously decided to make Mr. George Gould trustee.

Maitre Bonnet went on to assert that the creditors distrained on the Seine Et Oise property and that the family had to intervene to prevent the sale.

With regard to the fitness of George Gould to be trustee, Maitre Bonnet pointed out that his fortune was larger than that of the countess; that authority based on affection would be good, and that no one was better qualified, as it was Mr. George Gould who was appointed executor of his father's will. Another consideration was that the clearing of the debts would take a number of years and that therefore it would be wise to economize and not to go to the expense of a paid trustee.

The tribunal, taking this view, declared the plaintiff "possessed better than any other, of the necessary position and authority, to assist the defendress."

MR. GRIGGS SAYS

Attorney General Denies Statements Made by Frank S. Monnett.

Napoleon, O., Nov. 1.—The following letter from Attorney General Griggs to J. R. Linthicumb, chairman of the republican committee of Henry county, relative to certain statements made by ex-Attorney General Monnett in a speech delivered here on Ocober 31, was published yesterday:

"Washington, Oct. 25, 1900.—Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of the 23d inst. in which you state that ex-Attorney General Frank S. Monnett, of Ohio, in a democratic speech at Napoleon on the 22d inst., stated that I, in a letter to him and also in a personal interview with him, said that the reason why the trusts have not been prosecuted was that the president has been inactive and indifferent in the enforcement of the anti-trust laws.

"'Unless Mr. Monnett has taken leave of his senses, I cannot believe he ever made such a statement. So far as I can recall, or the records of this department show, I have never written him a letter upon any subject. I am sure that I never wrote him a letter upon the subject of trusts, nor in any wise alluded to the action of this administration with reference thereto. As to his allegation that I made such a statement in a personal interview with him, that is also entirely untrue. I never met Mr. Monnett but once, and that was only for a few minutes when he called to pay a visit of courtesy, being introduced to me by his predecessor, the present solicitor general, Hon. John K. Richards, of Ohio. I do not think or believe that the subject of trusts, or any other subject, except such as would arise in general conversation upon a visit of this nature, was touched upon. I am sure that I made no such statement as you say Mr. Monnett attributes to me. Nor could I have made such a statement, because it would have been untrue."

LIPTON'S CORNER IN PORK.

The Englishman Squeezed $350,000 Out of Chicago Speculators.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—The culmination of the October pork corner, controlled by Sir Thomas Lipton, came yesterday when pork for delivery that month advanced $3, rising from $17 to $20. It was said that Sir Thomas could have made the price $100 as well as $20, but he declared he had no intention of "squeezing" anybody.

As a result of his deal here Lipton is believed to have made $550,000. There were only 35,000 barrels of pork that could be delivered and the Englishman owned them all, as well as twice that number bought from people who did not have a barrel they could deliver. When the price reached $16 some time ago the majority of shorts thought it time to buy some of the pork they had contracted to deliver at approximately $11 per barrel during October. Numerous private settlements are said to have been made.

Sues for $250,000.

Fort Worth, Tex., Nov. 1.—Suit for $250,000 has been filed against 25 of the most prominent citizens in Texas by Joel Blair, of Bell county. The petition alleges that the defendants conspired to gain possession of his right in valuable Waco property and caused him to be placed in an asylum for two years.

A Trust Dissolves.

Detroit, Nov. 1.—The Continental Co., the national screen door and window screen trust formed about a year ago in Detroit, closed up its business here yesterday. E. M. Kent, for the board of directors, gave out the following statement: "After a year's experience as a combine, we decided to quit rather than build up further competition. On account of outside firms who have created a prejudice against us, we thought it best to dissolve at once. Everything has been harmonious among the firms interested in the trust."

FOR MONEY AND LIFE.

A Battle Is Waged Between Highwaymen and Guardians of $4,000—Three Men Killed and Two Wounded.

Mt. Pleasant, Pa., Oct. 31.—Four Italian miners attempted to rob Pay Clerk William Hosler, of the Southwest Connellsville Coke Co., while making his trip between this city and Alberton with the pay roll of the Alverton and Tarr works, amounting to $4,000.

Mr. Hosler is dead; his companion, Harry Burgess, messenger of the company, is wounded; two of the Italians are dead; a third fatally wounded and the fourth in jail.

Hosler and Burgess left this city at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon with the safe containing the money to pay the men at the Alverton and Tarr works. As they reached the summit of the long hill above Morewood, just below which lies Alverton, a large coke town, without a second's warning the four Italians fired a volley from their hiding place and sprang forward, firing as they advanced. Mr. Hosler fell dead at the first volley. Young Burgess, though wounded, was able to return their fire with effect, and one of the number at the horses' heads fell dead. A second later he fired his revolver in the very face of another, and as he fell his two remaining companions became terrified and, leaving the dead, set out with the wounded one over the hill to the south in the direction of the Alice mines.

Burgess managed to drive on into Alverton with the body of Mr. Hosler and the safe, where he gave the alarm.

Mount Pleasant and vicinity, with the clerical force of the coke company, turned out 500 strong, headed by Lieut. John G. Thompson, of Company E, and soon corralled the two, who had concealed themselves in a field on the Durstine farm, a mile or so from this town.

A summons to surrender was answered by a volley in which one of the posse received a slight wound in the chest. The outlaws from their fortified position made a fierce stand for a few minutes until one of the posse succeeded in getting in their rear. He shot one through the head, killing him instantly. The other surrendered and was brought to the office of Squire Rhodes and remanded to jail.

In the meantime another division of the posse overhauled the third would-be robber, who had received a ghastly wound. The ball, entering his mouth and penetrating his head, came out at the back of his neck. He is not expected to recover.

FINISHED THE COUNT.

Census Bureau Says the Population of the United States Is 76,295,220.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The official announcement of the total population of the United States for 1900 is 76,295,220, of which 74,627,907 are contained in the 45 states representing approximately the population to be used for congressional apportionment purposes. There is a total of 134,158 Indians not taxed. The total population in 1890, with which the aggregate population of the present census should be compared, was 63,069,765. Taking the 1890 population as a basis, there has been a gain in population of 13,225,455 during the past ten years, representing an increase of nearly 21 per cent.

The population of Ohio is 4,157,545, against 3,672,316 in 1890; Indiana, 2,516,463, against 2,192,404 in 1890; Kentucky, 2,147,174, against 1,858,635; Missouri, 3,107,117, against 2,679,184 in 1890; Nebraska, 2,068,901, against 1,058,910; New York, 7,268,009, against 5,997,853; Pennsylvania, 6,301,365, against 5,258,014; West Virginia, 958,900, against 762,794; Illinois, 4,821,550, against 3,826,351; California, 1,485,053, against 1,208,130; Colorado, 539,700, against 412,198.

The early completion of the tabulation of population of states enables the census office to submit the figures to congress as soon as it convenes in December, thus giving that body the information necessary to dispose of the question of reapportionment of representatives at the coming session. All the field work of the twelfth census, so far as it relates to the collection of the data relating to population, agriculture, vital statistics and manufactures, is now complete.

A Fatal Collision.

Hinckley, Minn., Nov. 2.—One of the worst wrecks that has occurred on the Northern Pacific railway for a long time took place Thursday. The limited express ran into an open switch a mile and a half south of here. On the sidetrack stood an extra freight. The engineer of the passenger train had only time to apply the air brakes and with his fireman to jump when the crash came. The limited ran into the rear of the freight, demolishing the caboose and wrecking a number of cars, which caught fire and burned. Rear Brakeman Rapp, of the freight, was burned. None of the passengers were hurt.

Salisbury to Retire.

London, Oct. 31.—The following announcement appears this morning in the Daily Telegraph: "We understand that Lord Salisbury has decided to resign the foreign secretaryship, which will be transferred to the Marquis of Lansdowne. Although the health of the prime minister gives no cause for anxiety, we believe that he is largely influenced by the counsels of his physicians."

Killed His Wife and Suicided.

Reading, Pa., Oct. 31.—The sequel to the finding of the body of Mrs. Charles A. Keffer on a public road eight miles below Reading Monday evening, shot to death, developed here Tuesday when the body of her husband was found in a coal chute in the lower section of the city. He had eluded the police and killed himself. He was 28 and his wife 24 years old. In his pocket was found a farewell letter to his mother. He says he was driven to commit the crime by his wife and that their married life had been very unhappy.

When You Go to Florida

you enhance the pleasure of the trip by going over the Queen & Crescent Route and its connections via Cincinnati. Careful attendants look to your comfort. Your meals (a la carte) are not surpassed in the best hotels. Your rest is unbroken on the smooth, rock-ballasted roadway. You are not annoyed by change of cars. Fatigue vanishes before some of the finest natural scenery in America.

Winter Tourist Tickets are sold at reduced rates. Why not write us about it? Only 24 hours Cincinnati to Florida. Direct connections at Port Tampa and Miami at Steamers Wharf for Key West, Nassau and Havana. We quote rates gladly. Handsome printed matter sent free to inquirers. W. C. Rinearson, Gen'l Pass'gr Agent, Cincinnati, O.

Too Much Imagination.

She is a woman much given to romancing, and while she is never intentionally malicious she has a way of stretching things that often makes trouble. They were discussing her the other night at supper and somebody was telling of the wonderful entertainments she is always talking of giving and never gives.

"She has so much—imagination," said the head of the table.

"Imagination," remarked the man who sings, "why, that woman has an imagination that ten consciences couldn't keep up with."—Washington Post.

Recommended by a Doctor.

On September 15th, 1900, Mr. C. S. Bahney, Rio Vista Pineapple Plantation, Ankona, Florida, wrote: "I have been using your Lotion for the past two years for pimples or little yellow boils on my face, and it seems to do more good than anything else I can get. I have spent many dollars with Doctors but have not succeeded in getting a permanent cure, and very few have done me any good. Your Lotion was recommended to me by a doctor some two years ago. I have been using it ever since." If your druggist does not keep it send his name to Solon Palmer, 374 Pearl Street, New York, and receive sample of Lotion and Lotion Soap.

Fate of His Ligaments.

"Yes," said Mrs. Brown, "my son Thomas has had an awful time playing football. But Tom's quite a hero. He wrote me all about it. He said the professor at his college told him he had only three ligyments in his leg. Them three ligyments are what hold the foot onto the leg. Well, Tom says that a year ago he bruk his first ligyment, that's the outside one, in playin' thet game with Purdoo. Then in playing the Shampain university he broke the second ligyment right short off. And jest last week in playin' with some college from Indianna he bruk the third ligyment, and now there ain't anything on airth holdin' that foot on except skin."—Chicago Tribune.

EXCURSION TO CALIFORNIA.

Comfortable and Inexpensive.

Our parties leave every Wednesday from both Chicago and St. Louis, joining at Denver. Then past the grandest scenery in the world, over the Rio Grande Railroads. A few hours' stop to see Salt Lake City, and on via Ogden to the coast. A special agent is in charge of each party, and the tourist sleeping cars are comfortable and exquisitely clean. Let me give you full particulars. Write and inclose 6 cents in postage for our beautifully illustrated 72-page book on California. F. E. Bell, City Passenger Agent, C., B. & Q. R. R., 211 Clark street, Chicago.

Too Much for Him.

Doctor—What! Your dyspepsia no better? Did you follow my advice and drink hot water an hour before breakfast?

Patient—I tried to, doctor, but I was unable to keep it up for more than five minutes at a stretch.—Chicago Daily News.

Homeseekers' Excursion Tickets.

To nearly all points in the United States on sale at all ticket offices of the Chicago Great Western Railway on the first and third Tuesdays of October, November and December, at the very low homeseekers' rate of one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip. Tickets good for return within 21 days from date of sale. Persons contemplating a trip will save money by calling on any Great Western Agent and obtaining detail information regarding the homeseekers rates, or addressing F. H. Lord, G. P. & T. A., 113 Adams St., Chicago.

Cruel Parent.

Mother—Is that all you have to do on wash-day—sit around and read?

Daughter—I—was just reading about the hanging gardens.

"Well, if you are interested in that kind of stuff there is a garden back of the house just lovely for hanging clothes."—Indianapolis Press.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. Children may drink it without injury, as well as adults. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. All grocers.

An Atchison man has been refusing for years to get any new furniture, because the old was not worn out. His wife stopped coaxing, and invited his three nephews to spend the summer. The new furniture had to be bought the day they left.—Atchison Globe.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

The Dashing Explorer.

Polar Explorer—What shall I call my new book? "A Dash for the Pole?"

Publisher—No. Call it "A Dash for the Lecture Platform."—Baltimore American.

Throw physic to the dogs—if you don't want the dogs—but if you want good digestion chew Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

There is only one place where gold rusts, and that is in the heart.—Ram's Horn.

To Mothers of Large Families.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of

MRS. CARRIE BELLEVILLE.

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family.

"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with large families."—MRS. CARRIE BELLEVILLE, Ludington, Mich.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

The letters pour in. Yes, simply pour in upon us in our daily mail, in a flood which is surprising. It seems as if every person in the United States had a physical trouble and knew **"5 DROPS"** would make the cure.

Everybody suffering from ill health has the inclination to write for a bottle of **"5 DROPS."**

Our enormous mail is the wonder of the age.

We are flooded—simply flooded each morning with letters containing $1.00 for a bottle of **"5 DROPS,"** the wondrous cure for the terribly painful diseases, **Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia** withstand all other medicines but yield on the instant to **"5 DROPS."** Within a day of getting **"5 DROPS"** and using it, your disease begins to disappear. Thousands of men and women, who see their suffering friends on every side gladly relieved of their suffering, write us in haste. Hundreds of testimonials from grateful correspondents reach us daily.

To enable all sufferers to test this wonderful remedy, we will send **free a trial bottle** on receipt of two 2-cent stamps to pay for mailing. Large bottles of 300 doses $1.00, sent prepaid by mail or express.

"5 DROPS" is a preventive as well as a curative, for the following diseases: **Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Gout, Dyspepsia, Backache, Asthma, Hay Fever, Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous and Neuralgic Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Heart Weakness, LaGrippe, Malaria, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness** and kindred diseases.

TRADE-MARK.

Write us in haste and stop your suffering. Agents wanted.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO.
160 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

The Question of Dessert

Is easily and simply solved with a package of Burnham's Hasty Jellycon. It is only necessary to dissolve a package of it in boiling water and set away to cool. The result is a delightfully pure jelly, and an ideal dessert. The flavors are orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and the unflavored "calfsfoot" for making wine and coffee jellies. All grocers sell it.

Satisfaction

is unusual with "Five-Cent cigar smokers," but it has been the every-day experience of hundreds of thousands of men who have smoked

Old Virginia Cheroots

during the last thirty years, because they are just as good now—in fact, better than when they were first made.

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents. 6

WITH A PENKNIFE.

A Principal in the Notorious Rice Case Tries to Suicide.

Alleged Accomplice of Lawyer Patrick Confesses that He Aided in the Forging of Checks — Claims Patrick Caused Millionaire Rice's Death.

New York, Nov. 2.—The death of the wealthy William Marsh Rice at his Madison avenue apartments on September 23; the attempt of his New York attorney, Albert T. Patrick, to cash checks for large amounts which purported to be signed by the millionaire; the refusal of one bank to cash the checks drawn on it and the discovery by the bank officials that Mr. Rice was dead at the time the checks were presented; the subsequent claim by Patrick that Mr. Rice had made him by will the trustee of his estate, which amounts anywhere from $3,000,000 to $8,000,000; the charge of forgery both as regards the checks and the will placed against Patrick and Mr. Rice's valet, Charles F. Jones; the arrest of Patrick and Jones and their lodgment in jail, have kept New York interested for over a month in what, by the developments of yesterday, promises to become the most celebrated of the many celebrated crimes which the courts of this city have been called on to investigate.

The first incident which led up to the climax was the fact disclosed on Wednesday that Valet Jones had been taken to the district attorney's office and the subsequent rumor that he had made a confession to the authorities. Before the public had time to learn if the report of a confession was true, came the more startling news that during the night Jones had in his cell in the Tombs attempted suicide by cutting his throat with a penknife given him, he says, by Attorney Patrick, also confined in the Tombs, and for the purpose of getting rid of one witness to Patrick's alleged crime.

His crime, according to the confession of Jones, parts of which the district attorney's office gave out, was nothing less than the murder of the millionaire by Attorney Patrick and the purloining of valuable papers relating to the estate. The taking off of Mr. Rice, says Jones, was caused by the internal administration of some poison, supposedly mercury, and the final application of a towel saturated with some anesthetic, presumably chloroform.

Jones also said: "After the body had been laid out Patrick gathered up all the letters. I was with him and had as much as he to do with that. He gathered up two watches and all the money that was in the trunk. Patrick selected such as he wanted from the papers. He told me that he wanted all the valuable paper. The next day he returned and had with him bank books and check books. He had a number of blank checks. 'I have some checks that I want you to fill out,' he said. One was filled out for $65,000 on S. M. Swenson & Sons, one for $25,000 on the Fifth Avenue Trust Co. and one for $155,000 on the same company.

"He told me he had the right to cash these checks before Rice's death became known. He left at 8:30 or 9 o'clock and said he would telephone me to dictate messages to be sent to relatives and Baker, and to tell the bank if it called up that the checks were good. About 11:30 o'clock he called me up and said: 'We've made a bust of it.' He again told me to tell the bank that the checks were all right. About ten minutes later Mr. Wallace, of the Swenson bank, called up and asked for Rice. He asked me if the checks were in my handwriting. I told him yes, if you send it up I will correct it. That is how he explained the spelling of the name Albert 'Abert' instead of correctly. Then he told me to have Mr. Rice come to the telephone. I said 'very well,' and rang off. Then I called up Patrick and told him. He told me to tell them if they called us up again that Mr. Rice was dead.

"Swenson came to the telephone and he asked about Rice. I told him that he was dead. Then he wanted to know all about it. I told him he had died at 8 the night before. Patrick then called me up again and said, 'These people have kicked out of the traces.' He then dictated to me the message to be sent to the relatives. The next day I saw four men hanging around the house. They came to the house and said they were lawyers. I telephoned Mr. Patrick about these men and he told me not to let them in."

Mr. Osborne was asked what part of the Rice estate Jones had expected to get. He said Jones told him Patrick assured him of being well cared for, but had promised nothing more definite. The estate, Mr. Osborne said, is estimated at from $3,000,000 to $8,000,000.

Attorney Patrick denies having furnished Jones the chloroform and also denies the statements in the confession.

Seized the Boer Gold.

Hamburg, Nov. 2.—The Boersenhalle says the gold seized on board the Bundesrath, at Cuxhaven, on the arrival of that steamer there from Delagoa bay, was at the instance of an international syndicate of mine owners, whose product was taken by the Boers and Transvaal bonds of doubtful value given in exchange.

Miners Strike.

Hazelton, Pa., Nov. 2.—The mine workers employed by the firm of Crawford & Dugan, numbering about 50 men, quit work at the Honey Brook strippings yesterday and say they will remain out until they get an increase of 10 per cent., which the firm declines to grant.

Wasn't an Earthquake.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 2.—What were officially pronounced Wednesday night in Jacksonville to have been earthquake shocks, proves to have been the concussions caused by heavy blasting near the city.

MASSACRED BY GERMANS.

Chinese Who are Captured by Teutons are Forced to Dig Their Own Graves and are Then Butchered.

Berlin, Nov. 2.—Considerable impatience at the meagerness of the news from China is finding expression here. The inference is that German censorship over such information is very strict.

Letters from privates in China begin to find their way into the social democratic papers, showing that the German troops give no quarter. The Bremen Buerger Zeitung publishes a letter from a soldier in Pekin who said he witnessed the following scene: "Sixty-eight captives, some of them not yet adults, were tied together by their pigtails, beaten bloody by the Germans, compelled to dig their own graves and then shot en masse."

The Halberstadter Volks Zeitung prints a communication from Pekin in which the writer says:

"No prisoners are taken. All are shot or, preferably, sabred to save ammunition. On Sunday afternoon we had to bayonet 74 prisoners. They had killed one of our patrolmen. An entire battalion pursued them and captured 74 alive. It was cruel. It was indescribable."

Last evening's papers printed a semi-official statement that answers to the Anglo-German agreement had been received from all the powers, France and Russia making a reservation regarding Article 3 similar to that made by the United States, and Japan making no reservations whatever.

This result causes much satisfaction in official circles in Germany, which emphasizes the contention that Article 3 is divested of all importance, inasmuch as all the powers have accepted Articles 1 and 2.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—The text of the American, French and Russian answers to the note answering the Anglo-German agreement on China are now generally known here. They are considered entirely similar in substance, showing that these three powers are in perfect accord.

Washington, Nov. 2.—The alignment of the powers on the British-German agreement is now complete. Aside from Italy and Austria, whose adherence to the agreement was expected, owing to their political relations with Germany, Japan is the only one of the powers which has given unconditional assent to the agreement. As the matter now stands, five of the powers are united in all the terms of the agreement, viz., Great Britain, Germany, Italy, Austria and Japan; three of the powers, United States, France and Russia, accept the clauses relating to the open door and the territorial integrity of China, but withhold action on the third clause relating to future procedure in case any power seizes territory.

ESCAPED FROM JAIL.

Three Prisoners Get Away from the Military Prison on Alcatraz Island.

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—Three prisoners have escaped from the military prison on Alcatraz island. One of the escaped prisoners was Frank Kinne, who was under a sentence of 15 years for desertion and treason. Kinne was brought here a few months ago in irons, from Manila. He had deserted his command and accepted a commission in the Filipino army. He was caught leading a charge of insurgents. In the number captured by the American troops at the time Kinne was taken were several American prisoners. Kinne claimed to be himself a prisoner of the Filipinos, but the Americans who were with the party declared this to be a falsehood and denounced the man as a traitor and a rebel. The others who escaped with Kinne were C. J. Huntington, under sentence of ten years, and J. M. Potts, serving five years.

BOTH IN ONE CLASS.

A Chicago Judge Has the Right Idea About Board of Trade and Bucket Shop Deals.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Judge Vail in open court Thursday created a sensation by the declaration that in his opinion dealing on the Chicago board of trade and dealing in one of the institutions which the members of the board of trade had stigmatized as a "bucket shop" were practically the same. He stated that the same thing was called "gambling" in the bucket shops, and "speculation" on the board of trade, but that both were "betting, pure and simple."

The occasion for these remarks was furnished in the closing of the case brought by the central stock and grain exchange against the board of trade for an injunction to prevent the board from stopping it from receiving quotations. Judge Vail postponed a formal decision.

A Receiver Appointed.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Col. Thomas W. Scott was yesterday appointed receiver of the Home Forum Benefit Order, a fraternal insurance society with headquarters in Chicago. State superintendent of Insurance Van Cleave asked the circuit court to make the appointment. The state official declares the liabilities of the order as disclosed in its annual statement received by him last month are $270,000 in excess of assets. The figures given in the annual statement place the assets of the order on October 27 at $47,000 and the liabilities at $317,000. There are 30,000 members in the order.

The Roads are Responsible.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—According to a decision by the United States court of appeals in the case of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Co. against Nancy A. Wood, railroads are responsible for the safety of their passengers while in their stations for a reasonable time after descending from trains, and the relations of carrier and passengers continue until a passenger quits the station or depot. Suit was brought by Mrs. Wood to recover damages for bodily injuries she received while in a railroad station belonging to the Rock island.

HOPE LONG DEFERRED.

When Riches Came at Last George Wedekind Had Lost His Capacity for Enjoyment.

Luck, as it is interpreted in the mining camp, has been emphasized in the case of George Wedekind, of Reno, Nev.

Years and years ago, when George Wedekind was young, he went west in a fever for gold. All up and down the famed coast country of the Californias he wandered, bootless. The gold was not for him. As the country settled he drifted from town to town, tuning pianos. It was his trade. He brought his wife to Reno, finally, and the two settled down to the scant existence that piano tuning in a western town afforded.

UNCOVERED A GOLD MINE.
(After Many Years Fortune Smiled on George Wedekind.)

Wedekind was 72 years old when one day he went hunting. Even the game had suffered from the civilization that had come to the state and then gone to such measures as to leave it a population less than it had when admitted to the union. He was discouraged with hunting and was returning moodily homeward. Climbing down the side of a bluff his foot slipped—

And uncovered a gold mine!

He saw the unmistakable "color" in the yellow earth and he staked right and left. Reno awoke to a new gold fever and the stakes were planted everywhere that they had not been driven before. One hundred thousand dollars was bid for his first claim and the old man and his wife are said to be worth $1,000,000.

But long years of hardship have discounted this great sum. Privation and makeshift means to live have so affected the old people that they have little capacity for enjoyment of their great wealth. They live in the same little house in the same frugal way that they had lived for 30 years or more. They have better food and better clothes, but the old man's chief pleasure is to "potter" around the mine, while the wife sits with folded hands looking across the alkali plains, day-dreaming.

HIS RISE WAS RAPID.

Career of Count Buelow, Germany's New Chancellor, Considered Phenomenal by Europeans.

Count Bernhard von Buelow, who has crowned his rapid and brilliant rise to political power and fame by becoming the chancellor of Germany in the place of Hohenlohe-Schillingfurst, has the shortest career of any of the great statesmen and diplomats of the world. At 50 he finds himself at a pinnacle of eminence reached by others only after laborious and hazardous toil and waiting. Von Buelow until 1880 had done no better than serve as the secretary of embassy at Rome, St. Petersburg and Vienna. Until 1888 he had not reached the dignity of plenipotentiary, and he was then made minister to the insignifi-

COUNT VON BUELOW.
(Just Appointed Chancellor of the German Empire.)

cant post of Roumania. In 1893 he was appointed to the mission to Italy, where he remained several years. In 1897 Count von Buelow was selected by the kaiser for the post of foreign minister, and since that time he has been the emperor's right-hand man. During his ministry in the foreign office he has developed splendid capabilities in statecraft, which will have the freest play should he succeed to the station once occupied by Bismarck.

American Salmon in Demand.

Another American product that is already affected by the Chinese war is canned salmon. Besides a shortage of from 500,000 to 730,000 cases, as compared with last year, the Japanese government is placing heavy orders in the local market for salmon to feed its army.

BATTLING FOR LIFE.

Widow of Stonewall Jackson, Famous Southern Hero.

Has Recently Undergone an Operation from Whose Results She May Not Recover—Her Home Life at Charlotte, N. C.

Some weeks ago the widow of Gen. Stonewall Jackson had a critical operation performed in a Baltimore hospital, and her friends are afraid that she will not recover from its effects. Although now over 70 years old her face, according to a Charlotte (N. C.) correspondent of the Chicago Chronicle, retains much of the beauty which enthralled the then awkward, diffident young military cadet from Lexington when he first met her as Anna Morrison at the home of Gen. David Hill. Her black, luxuriant hair has few traces of gray and her black eyes are piercing and lustrous still.

Since the death of Mrs. Jackson's only child, Mrs. Christian, several years ago, she has devoted her life to her grandchildren, who reside with her. Her home is a plain two-story building on Trade street, Charlotte, N. C. To the unpretentious dwelling, however, a picturesque charm is given by ivy and madeira vines climbing at will about the veranda, violet bordered walks leading to the hospitable doorway and stately magnolias casting their luxuriant foliage over the whole. Within is the refined atmosphere of a typical southern home. In the drawing-room the most conspicuous object is a large oil painting of Gen. Jackson. Portraits of other heroes whose memories are still sacred in the hearts of old confederates are also hung everywhere upon the walls, interspersed with tattered flags and other trophies of the lost cause.

Here the widow of one of the great military geniuses of the world has passed her peaceful days, busied with her household duties or superintending the education of her grandchildren.

In her "Life of Jackson" she said: "The home of my girlhood was a large, old-fashioned house, surrounded by an extensive grove of pine forest trees, on a plantation in Lincoln county, N. C. My father was Rev. Dr. Robert Hall Morrison, the first

MRS. STONEWALL JACKSON.
(Widow of Famous Southern Hero Now at Death's Door.)

president of Davidson college. He was a graduate of the university of the state, and of the same class as President James K. Polk, Bishop Green and others of note in church and state."

Mrs. Jackson's mother was Mary Graham, daughter of Gen. Joseph Graham, of revolutionary fame, and sister of Gen. W. A. Graham, who was once secretary of the navy.

Mrs. Jackson was one of ten children, six daughters and four sons. She spent much of her early life in Washington with her uncle, Gen. Graham. While on a visit to Lexington, Va., she met her future husband, then Prof. T. J. Jackson, whom she married in July, 1857. Gen. Jackson died in 1863, May 10, and left his widow and one child, a girl, Julia, who was but a few months old. The two and the skillful old nurse Hetty returned to the Morrison home in Lincoln county, where they lived a quiet life until Julia was ready to enter college, when the mother and child moved to Charlotte. After finishing school Julia married W. E. Christian, a talented newspaper man, now in the service of the Seaboard Air line railroad at Portsmouth, Va., Mrs. Jackson lived with the young couple in St. Paul, Minn., Minneapolis and other western towns up to 1889, when Mrs. Christian died, after which she returned to her home in Charlotte and brought with her Julia and Jackson Christian, her grandchildren. Miss Christian, sister of Mrs. Jackson's son-in-law, came to live with her.

Mrs. Jackson's Charlotte home is very near the Southern railway station, where an aged Mexican war veteran who served under Jackson has stood for years as guard. He took great pride in guarding Mrs. Jackson, and lost no opportunity to point out the house to strangers. The house is a plain two-story frame building and the yard is adorned by several beautiful evergreen trees. When at home Mrs. Jackson lived a simple but pleasant life, surrounded by her bright grandchildren, who are now off at school.

Mrs. Jackson spent part of every year at Lexington, Va., her health permitting. It was there that she spent her married life and where her husband and daughter are buried.

Mrs. Jackson is an ideal southern lady of the old school. She is president of the Daughters of the Confederacy and regent of the Daughters of the Revolution.

ALTOGETHER TOO SHY.

Queer Excuse Given by a Pretty Girl for Whom the Bridegroom Waited Long in Vain.

Mary Pliska, shy as a chamois, donned her wedding dress at her home in New Britain, Conn., the other evening and made all preparations to accompany her parents to the cozy little home that Michael Neidboler had prepared for her and there to be married to him.

Michael and his friends were waiting. It was to be an eventful marriage, for Mary was pretty and Michael was popular. When the bride and her parents were not on hand at the appointed moment, the prospective bridegroom was made the object of jests. He laughed with the jesters.

AND THERE HE FOUND MARY.
(Connecticut Girl Who Was Too Shy to Be Married.)

When five minutes had passed the jests became more pointed and the shafts of witticism sank deeper, but still Michael laughed. When ten minutes had passed, and then 15 minutes, and then half an hour, Michael was decidedly uneasy.

Then a messenger handed a note to Michael. He suddenly left, without giving an excuse, and went directly to the home of Papa and Mamma Pliska. They were in a state of great excitement.

They could not find Mary! She had robed herself in her wedding gown with her mother's assistance, and then, when her mother left to put on her hat, Mary mysteriously disappeared.

Michael thought deeply. At last he asked the parents if they had gone to the home of a chum of Mary. They had not. But they were sure she had not gone there. Nevertheless, Michael got into a carriage and drove rapidly to the home of Mary's chum.

And there he found Mary—all dressed in her bridal robes, with a bunch of real orange blossoms in her hair, crying her pretty eyes out.

Michael asked her why she had not come to the house. She cried in answer. He asked her again; and then, amid her sobs, she told him she had feared to face the crowd that would witness the ceremony.

Michael left without a word. He drove back to his cottage, told the guests what had happened and that the wedding was off. Some of them suggested that he take the priest to the home of Mary's chum and be married there. But Michael told them he did not care to marry a girl who had insulted him before his friends.

And the marriage ceremony has never been performed.

FAITH IN BALDWIN.

Millionaire Ziegler, Who Will Spend a Fortune on Expedition, Confident He Will Reach Pole.

William Ziegler, the New York baking powder manufacturer, who is willing to spend $1,000,000 on the Baldwin expedition to the north pole, which will start next year, says he is sure Baldwin will not return without having reached the pole. "I am a business man," he said, in an interview in

WILLIAM ZIEGLER.
(Baking Powder Magnate Back of the Baldwin Expedition.)

New York, "and accustomed to look at things only from a business standpoint. If I did not feel absolutely sure that this expedition will be successful I would not waste my money and Mr. Baldwin would not waste his time. The race to get to the north pole first is not a race between two or three men; it is a race between nations. I do not want to see an Italian or a Norwegian reach the north pole first. I think this country is great enough and progressive enough to have that honor. It is simply a matter of national pride with me. I have every confidence in Mr. Balwin. He is a man of determination and will to get to the pole if it is within human power to do so. He will not turn back and come home."

Two Horticultural Freaks.

White blackberries and green roses have been propagated in Louisiana this year.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

Encouraging Signs Noted in the Iron Industry.

BUYING HAS INCREASED.

Full Forces at Work in Eastern Shoe Factories.

WOOL MARKET IMPROVES.

A Tendency Toward Better Prices for This Staple Is Reported—The Cotton Market Partially Recovers from the Recent Decline.

New York, Nov. 3.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: The period of suspense is nearly over. Business has been longing for a free field in which to leap forward, but restricted buying largely to wants for immediate consumption. Some evidence appears of willingness to take speculative chances in the movement of a few standard goods, notably of iron and steel. The resumption of operations in the anthracite coal fields has added largely to the working force, and the closing down of a few small steel plants is only in the nature of concentrating operations at more advantageous points and has not much reduced the number of men employed.

Encouraging signs multiply in the iron industry. Strength in Bessemer and grey forge at Pittsburg shows that the recent increase in activity of finished forms has at last affected the market for raw material. Improvement in domestic buying of pig is the more noticeable because of decrease in exports. Structural shapes continue in urgent request, plates advancing with active demand from shipbuilders and with talk of a pool to sustain the price. Bar iron would sell readily at former prices, but holders grow stubborn.

Full forces are employed at New England shoe shops, and heavy orders insure brisk work for the rest of the year. Textile operations are more vigorous, sales of wool at the three chief eastern markets exceeding all recent records. With the greater activity there appears a tendency toward firmer prices.

Cotton has recovered a little of the recent sharp decline, attributed to reports that frost would surely do serious damage. The market does not show much fear of disaster and there is more reason to believe that the slight advance was induced by better purchases of spinners, who were attracted after the fall of $7.80 a bale in less than three weeks. There was also some recovery in wheat.

Failures for the week were 198 in the United States, against 183 last year, and 23 in Canada.

Will Pay the Count's Debts.

New York, Nov. 3.—On the authority of an "intimate friend of the late Jay Gould," the Evening World announces that the debts of Count Boni De Castellane will be paid in full by the Goulds at once. "The scandal attending the claims, amounting to $4,700,000, against the spendthrift husband of Countess Anne is to be stopped," the Evening World adds. "A lump sum probably will be contributed by George, Helen, Howard, Edwin and Frank Gould to wipe out these debts, as they consider the honor of the Gould family is involved."

Boodler Reed Disappears.

Shamokin, Pa., Nov. 3.—O. J. Reed, an ex-councilman, who was recently convicted of conspiracy in connection with borough paving contracts and admitted to bail pending a decision of the superior court for a new trial, has disappeared. The local lodge of Maccabees, of which he was record keeper, has been swindled out of $6,000 by forged death certificates of Benjamin Davis and Thomas Shoener. Davis, who was in Michigan, noticing he was listed as dead in the official newspaper of the order, informed his relatives here that he was alive. This started an inquiry.

Returned to Work.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 3.—The officials of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. and the laborers employed at their Dorrance and Prospect mine who went out on strike Thursday reached an amicable agreement Friday and all the men returned to work. The striking laborers employed at the Delaware colliery of the Delaware & Hudson Co. also returned to work Friday, the company compromising with them. It is said that some of the operators in this section will pay semi-monthly in the future.

They Need More Voting Booths.

New York, Nov. 3.—Owing to the lack of voting facilities in many election districts in Manhattan and the Bronx, the police board yesterday let emergency contracts for 40 wooden voting booths. This was necessary because in three precincts so many citizens had registered that it would be impossible for them to vote on election day within the prescribed hours at the regular booths. A redistricting of the city will take place after election.

Students Cannot Vote.

New York, Nov. 3.—According to a decision made Friday by Magistrate Deuel in the Yorkville court, students at educational institutions cannot vote at the coming election. The case was that of Orin Cox, a student in Union Theological seminary. Cox lives in Schenectady county, this state, and registered as living in the seminary. He was summoned to court and the decision made. Cox promised not to vote and was discharged.

Cameron County Press

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HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

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Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

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The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

M'KINLEY WINS.

Elected to the Presidency For the Second Term.

VICTORY IS UNQUESTIONED

Majorities In Some States Were a Trifle Lessened But Not Enough to Affect Result.

Even Nebraska, Bryan's Home State Gives the Republican Candidate a Majority. Bryan Defeated In His Own Precinct by Over 100 Votes—Texas Polls a Big Vote For Bryan—McKinley's Majority In the New England States Is Somewhat Lessened But Shows a Handsome Addition to the Other States—Violence Was Happily Absent Except In Two Instances — McKinley's Electoral Vote Will Be Greater Than In 1896—Table Showing the Strength of Each In the Electoral College — Bryan's Majority In Greater New York Cut Down.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Throughout all the States of the Union the citizens of the United States have reaffirmed at the polls their choice of four years ago and re-elected William McKinley of Canton, Ohio, to a second term as President of the United States, the highest office in the power of the people to give.

It was an endorsment of the administration's policy and affirmed intention of holding the Philippines, which came into the possession of this country, first as spoils of war, and second by purchase from Spain. It was also an evidence of approval of the military policy of the administration and rejectment of the principle enunciated in the Kansas City platform of the Democrats.

McKinley repeated his triumphs in the larger States, notably New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and the New England States, though by slightly decreased majorities. His electoral vote will be even greater than it was in 1896.

The silent vote was in particular evidence everywhere. Even the most highly colored claims and predictions of campaign managers and candidates were exceeded in some sections and an enormous vote was polled. It may safely be said that the silent vote decided the election.

Violence was, happily, almost a missing feature of the day. In Denver two men were killed in a clash between deputy sheriffs and police and four men injured. In Wilmington, Del., too, there was some small idsturbance but no one was seriously injured. These were practically the only cases of violence reported. In New York city, where the verbal clash had occurred between Inspector of Elections McCullagh and Chief of Police Devery, it was expected that violence would occur at the polls. But the day passed off quietly. No altercations to amount to anything occurred and it was a very quiet day for New York.

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PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.

A notable feature of the election was Bryan's failure to carry his own precinct, losing it to McKinley by over 100 votes, while McKinley carried his own county by an increased majority over four years ago.

Republican congressmen, too, have been returned or elected for full terms and it is safe to say that the Fifty-seventh congress will be even more Republican than the Fifty-sixth.

Illinois went for McKinley by a big majority, but the Democrats elected their State ticket by a majority almost as large as the Republicans had for the national ticket. It was one of the queer happenings of election.

In the New England States Bryan made a good run, cutting down McKinley's majority in many instances. But on the whole, the strength of the districts was not impaired to any extent and the increase in the vote polled for Bryan may be attributed to his personality rather than to the principles which he advocated.

In Canton, McKinley received the returns confident of the outcome. Bryan when he received bulletins from New York State was somewhat disappointed, but on the whole, seemed less perturbed than did those about him.

Mr. Bryan refused to make any statement on the result, but promised to make one later.

BRYAN AT HOME.

Democratic Candidate Received Returns With Less Apparent Concern Thand Those About Him.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 7.—Mr. Bryan received the election returns at his residence in this city. His house was fairly overrun with newspaper men and telegraph operators. Not only was the first floor of the house largely given up to them, but two of the rooms in the second story also. Four telegraph wires were run into the house. Mr. Bryan had with him his brother, Charles Bryan, his former law partner, ex-State Senator Talbot, Committeeman Dahlman and Attorney Schmidt Mrs. Bryan had as companions a cousin, Mrs. Rogers, and Mrs. Dahlman.

After receiving the earlier returns in his library, in the midst of his friends, Mr. Bryan retired to his private apartments which were connected with the outside by a special wire. Both he and Mrs. Bryan were in cheerful spirits anl a person unacquainted with the circumstances would never have dreamed from their demeanor that they were at this time the center of national interest.

Mr. Bryan remained in his private apartments during the entire evening and slept the greater part of the time. He did not make his appearance in the parlor of his house where the newspaper correspondents had congregated until 11 o'clock, and his coming at that time was for the purpose of notifying the press that he would have nothing to say at present but that he might possibly give out a statement later. After this assurance, the visitors withdrew and soon afterwards the lights were extinguished and the house presented no signs of animation. Mrs. Bryan spent the evening entertaining her company and gave no signs either of fatigue or disappointment. The feeling is quite general that Mr. Bryan will say that he does not doubt the election for the second time of his rival, for while he has given no direct utterance to such concession, he indirectly admits to friends that he does not hope for more than to reduce the Republican majority in some of the Eastern States.

PENNSYLVANIA IN LINE.

McKinley's Plurality 200,000—Quay May Go to Senate.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 7.—Pennsylvania's plurality for McKinley is over 200,000. In Montgomery and Chester counties, where the fusionists made a strong fight to elect nine anti-Quay members of the legislature, they suffered a severe setback, the regular Republicans winning by a large majorities.

Pennsylvania's delegation in the next congress will not be less than 24 Republicans to 6 Democrats, as against 20 Republicans and 10 Democrats in the present congress.

M. S. Quay's friends are claiming they will have a majority on joint ballot favorable to his re-election to the United States senate and the returns would appear to bear out this claim.

The control of the State senate as between Quay and anti-Quay is in doubt with chances favoring the Quayites, though the complete returns may give the organization of that body to the opponents of Mr. Quay.

RESULT IN OHIO.

Majority of 75,000 Rolled Up For McKinley and Roosevelt.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 7.—In this state, the home of President McKinley, voters flocked to the standard of its favored and prominent son and rolled up a majority of 75,000 for him and his running mate, Theodore Roosevelt.

In every section of the state the vote was cast early, and while some districts lagged somewhat in sending returns, it was evident at an early hour that McKinley would receive a handsome majority.

In Cleveland and Cincinnati McKinley's majorities were a trifle in excess of what they were four years ago, and in other cities, also including this city, gains were noted.

Of the 21 congressmen voted for it may be said that 17 and possibly 18 are Republicans and are successful. This is a gain of three members, which shows how strongly Republican the state has gone. Party leaders in this state, in telegrams sent to Republican leaders here, express themselves as well satisfied with the result. Telegrams of congratulation were sent to the president at his home at Canton.

Maryland For McKinley.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 7.—McKinley has carried Maryland beyond the shadow of a doubt. Complete returns from the cities he has a majority there of about 6,500, while from the state scattering returns indicate an additional surplus of 3,500, making his total majority in the state about 10,000.

The Republicans have elected four out of the six congressmen, while the remaining two will probably be Democratic, although later returns may change this outlook.

McKinley Carries His Own County.

CANTON, Ohio, Nov. 7.—Complete returns show that McKinley has carried his home county by 2,000 majority, a gain of 1,160 of 1896.

In Stevenson's Precinct.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Nov. 7.—In Adlai E. Stevenson's home precinct: McKinley received 306 votes and Bryan 112.

BROKE ALL BOUNDS.

Jubilation In Washington Over McKinley's Re-Election.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The jubilation here over President McKinley's re-election broke all bounds. Never, except at inauguration times, did such crowds surge up and down Pennsylvania avenue singing and blowing horns as last night.

In the absence of the President there was no gathering at the White House and such advices as were received there were conveyed by telephone to the members of the cabinet who are now in Washington. Only three are here, Secretaries Hay, Gage and Root, the latter reaching the city in the evening after casting his ballot in New York. Secretary Hay was feeling indisposed and remained at his home during the evening, but Secretay Gage was at the treasury department and with a number of friends heard the result there.

At the war departmnet, Secretary Root, General Miles and Adjutant-Gen-

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Corbin were on hand and remained until late in the evening.

At the Republican and Democratic headquarters the officers of the committees were engaged in figuring on the complexion of the house of representatives.

State Pluralities.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The following table shows the pluralities accorded the candidates in the various states:

State.	McKinley.	Bryan
Alabama	.....	75,000
Arkansas	.....	75,000
California	12,000	.....
Colorado	.....	35,000
Connecticut	23,000	.....
Delaware	3,000	.....
Florida	.....	20,000
Georgia	.....	40,000
Illinois	90,000	.....
Indiana	30,000	.....
Iowa	100,000	.....
Louisiana	.....	30,000
Maine	25,000	.....
Maryland	10,000	.....
Massachusetts	80,000	.....
Michigan	90,000	.....
Minnesota	85,000	.....
Mississippi	.....	45,000
Missouri	.....	25,000
Montana	.....	18,000
Nebraska	3,000	.....
Nevada	.....	1,500
New Hampshire	20,000	.....
New Jersey	50,000	.....
New York	135,000	.....
North Carolina	.....	30,000
North Dakota	8,000	.....
Ohio	75,000	.....
Oregon	12,000	.....
Pennsylvania	200,000	.....
Rhode Island	20,000	.....
South Carolina	.....	40,000
Tennessee	.....	15,000
Texas	.....	175,000
Utah	5,000	.....
Vermont	30,000	.....
Virginia	.....	50,000
West Virginia	10,000	.....
Wisconsin	100,000	.....
Wyoming	3,000	.....

McKinley Speaks to Crowd.

CANTON, Nov. 7.— Canton was in a frenzy of enthusiasm last night which knew no bounds. The crowds which had been burning red fire down town marched en masse to the McKinley residence with bands playing, rockets sending lurid streaks across the midnight sky and the tumultous cheers mingled with the den of horns and steam whistles. The crowd was stilled for a time with some of the cheering news arrived, but the crowd clamored for the president and he kindly appeared, waving his acknowledgement of the deafening cheers. The president said:

"Fellow Citizens—I thank you for the very great compliment of this call on this inclement night and at this late hour. Of the many gratifying reports from every part of the country, none have given me more genuine and sincere gratitude than those from my own city and my own county of Stark. And I appear now, as I have done on so many former occasion to thank you once more for the warm and hearty endorsement which you have today given my public acts."

Connecticut Republican.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 7.—McKinley carried Connecticut by 40,000. This is a small falling off from his total majority in 1896, but his strength in the important districts has been sustained. The Republican ticket also went through, with a somewhat larger majority than was accorded the national nominees.

Virginia For Bryan.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—Virgina has given Bryan a plurality of upwards of 30,000. In isolated districts the voting was done slowly and the return were consequently slow in coming in, but at an early hour this morning they were practically complete and the plurality was recorded as given above.

Bryan Beaten In His Own Precinct.

LINCOLN, Nov. 7.—Precinct A, of the fifth ward, Bryan's precinct, gave McKinley 208 and Bryan 105.

Bryan Carries Nevada.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 7.—Bryan has carried this state by a majority of at least 1,500. This is slightly smaller than his majority in 1896. Newlands, the Democratic candidate for congress, is also elected, but by a smaller majority than was accorded Bryan.

Congressmen Elected.

The following table shows the number of congressmen elected to the Fifty-seventh congress:

STATES.	Fifty-sixth Congress. Rep.	Dem.	Fifty-sev. Congress. Rep.	Dem.
Alabama	...	9	...	9
Arkansas	...	6	...	6
California	6	1	7	1
Colorado	...	...	...	...
Connecticut	4	...	4	...
Delaware	1	...	1	...
Florida	...	2	...	2
Georgia	...	11	...	11
Idaho	...	...	1	...
Illinois	13	8	13	8
Indiana	9	4	10	3
Iowa	11	...	11	...
Kansas	7	...	7	1
Kentucky	2	9	2	9
Louisiana	...	6	...	6
Maine	4	...	4	...
Maryland	4	2	6	...
Massachusetts	10	3	10	3
Michigan	12	...	12	...
Minnesota	7	...	7	...
Mississippi	...	7	...	7
Missouri	3	12	2	13
Montana	...	1	...	1
Nebraska	2	1	2	1
Nevada	...	...	...	...
New Hampshire	2	...	2	...
New Jersey	6	2	6	2
New York	16	18	23	11
North Carolina	2	6	2	7
North Dakota	1	...	1	...
Ohio	15	6	17	4
Oregon	2	...	2	...
Pennsylvania	20	10	23	7
Rhode Island	2	...	2	...
South Carolina	...	7	...	7
South Dakota	2	...	2	...
Tennessee	2	8	2	8
Texas	1	12	...	13
Utah	...	1	1	...
Vermont	2	...	2	...
Virginia	...	10	...	10
Washington	2	...	2	...
West Virginia	3	1	3	1
Wisconsin	10	...	10	...
Wyoming	1	...	1	...
Total	185	163	199	157

The number of Populists elected in the various states numbered 7.

Republican Landslide In Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 3.—Wisconsin gives McKinley and Roosevlt a plurality of 110,000. The Republican State ticket, headed by Robert H. Lafolette, has received a plurality but a trifle smaller. Sections where the Democrats made gains in the last election are shown to have returned to the Republican column and large majorities are reutrned from the cities and towns. The legislature is overwhelmingly Republican and the congressional delegation is also Republican. It was a Republican landslide throughout the State

Light Vote In Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 7.—Bryan carried Lousiana by a majority apparently of 30,000. The vote was comparatively light. The State returns also send a Democratic delegation to Congress. Bryan carried New Orleans by a majority of 12,000. A constitutional amendment increasing to $100,000 the amount to be paid in pensions to Confederate veterans was carried.

Croker to Bryan.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The following telegram was sent last night:

W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb.:

"As you no doubt already know, the State has gone heavily against us, but, whereas this county in 1896 gave McKinley 23,000 majority, it gives you today 33,000, a gain of 56,000. We are defeated but not discouraged."

First to Congratulate McKinley.

CANTON, Nov. 7.—McKinley's first congratulations from headquarters came from J. H. Manley at New York as follows: "Praise God from whom alll blessings flow. Your triumphant re-election is conceded by Democratic managers. I tender my earnest congratulations. We are very happy at headquarters."

Cleveland Would Not Talk.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 7.—Ex-President Cleveland when seen last night and interviewed relative to the presidential election said he had absolutely not a single word to say, either on the election itself or as to the way he voted.

Arkansas Democratic.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 7.—Arkansas has again recorded its vote in Bryan's favor. His plurality in the State is at least 60,000. The voting proceeded fast during the day and was marked by no violence. Six Democratic congressmen are elected.

"The Country Is Saved."

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—At midnight Vice-Chairman Payne sent the following telegram to Col. Roosevelt:

"The country is saved; we have beaten Pettigrew and captured Nebraska, legislature and all."

Wyoming Safely Republican.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 7.—Wyomin is safe for McKinley by at least 2,000 plurality. Republican congressmen have also been elected. The voting was slow and straggling and it was hard to get returns. The day passed quietly in every section of the State.

Suicide After Voting.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—One of the incidents of election day was the suicide of Frederick Jannecks. Upon leaving for the polls he remarked that he was about to cast his last vote. Upon his return home he committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid.

Governor Elect Sanford Very Ill.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 7.—Private advices from Opelika state that Gov.-elect Sanford is very ill. Little hopes of his recovery are expressed.

McKinley Captures Illinois.

CHICAGO Nov. 7—The majority in this state for McKinley is 75,000, but the Democrats have elected their entire state ticket.

Auburn Goes Republican.

AUBURN, N. Y., Nov. 7.—This city gives McKinley 4,142; Bryan, 2,808; Odell, 4,047; Stanchfield, 2,823.

Syracuse For McKinley.

SYRACUSE, Nov. 7.—The city of Syracuse complete gives McKinley 14,845; Bryan 9,299.

Bryan's Majority In Oswego.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Nov. 7.—Bryan carried Oswego by 444.

There is no pleasure in life if you dread going to the table to eat and can't rest at night on account of indigestion. Henry Williams, of Boonville, Ind., says he suffered that way for years, till he commenced the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, and adds, "Now I can eat anything I like and all I want and sleep soundly every night." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest what you eat. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

BEDARD. THE TAILOR.

YOUNG MEN.

Do you want style and ginger in your clothes, here's the place to find it. We have no

SPECIAL HOBBIES

that young men should look like their fathers or like their little brothers but they must be just the thing—like a procession. Some one must lead and our efforts are to be

The Leaders

in every point in our business. Style, fit and workmanship.

Well covered

are the heads of the men we sell hats to. We sell all sorts of hats to all sorts of people. We can sell a good hat for two dollars, but it would be suitable only for the man who wants a two dollar hat. It wouldn't do for the man who wants a silk tile. Those who buy here get good honest values and the latest styles whether they buy two dollar hats or whether they want to pay three or five dollars, or any other price.

BEDARD, THE TAILOR.

J. L. FOBERT, Manager,
Parsons' Bazaar, Emporium, Pa.

AFTER THE BATTLE

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. Now if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right, too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,
THE PHARMACIST,

R. Seger & Co.,

THE PIONEER TAILORS.

Opposite M. E. Church, Emporium, Pa.

STYLISH CLOTHES

for the people,

GUARANTEED FITS.

We carry at all times, the largest line of imported and domestic goods to be found in this section of the state. Our prices are within the reach of all, while we aim to please our customers.

NEW WINTER STYLES

now here.

STYLISH BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS.

R. SEGER & CO.

BOOK-KEEPING and SHORTHAND and all Business Branches.

Positions for all graduates. We fill more positions than some schools have students. Complete mail courses; interesting and thorough. Write for free trial lessons, and catalogue.

Williamsport Commercial College,
oct11-3m Williamsport, Pa.

H. C. OLMSTED'S.

Impressive showing of styleful goods for

FALL and WINTER WEAR.

Now is the time you need good warm underwear. I have it. Just in. All grades and sizes.

DRESS GOODS.

The best line I have ever shown. Cheviots, Parolas, Serges, Henriettas, 5yd patterns of Venetians 52in. wide, all colors.

5yd patterns Ladies Cloth 52in., all colors.

Inviting offerings in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Jackets and Capes.

All new and up-to-date in every particular. Prices less than same goods can be bought for in any city.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.

Beauties in flannelette and prints.

BLANKETS.

All grades and prices. Comfortables, bed spreads, flannels, yarns, &c.

SHOES.

Extra values in shoes. Specially good line of rubbers, ladies', children's, men's and boys' overs.

All grades in lumbermen's gums.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Shirts, pants, overalls, neckwear, footwear, gloves and mittens, hats, &c.

The celebrated "Richey" flannel drawers.

Ladies' nice, warm, wool shawls, &c., &c.

Yours truly,

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
Assignee.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

New Carpets.

In all grades of carpetings we are showing new and elegant designs. We ask particular attention to our exclusive patterns in the best qualities of carpets, patterns of which the best manufacturers give us the exclusive sale in Buffalo and which can be seen in no other store.

Oriental Rugs.

We have the largest stock of Oriental rugs and carpets in the city—a stock that ranges from the smallest Anatolian mats to the largest size Persian carpets and long hall rugs. All carefully selected rugs of our own importation and endless variety to select from.

Drapery and Upholstery.

New lace curtains, new portieres and new upholstery fabrics. In this department we have all the new fabrics of the season for interior decorations.

New silks and pillow materials. Sofa pillows made to order.

Window shades and hangings of all kinds at the lowest prices.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

The American Block.

BUFFALO, N. Y

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Sept. 11, 1900.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 20
Graham, "	60
Rye, "	60
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	45
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 10
Chop Feed, "	1 10
White Middlings, "	1 10
Bran, "	1 10
Corn, per bushel,	60
White Oats, per bushel,	37
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

Only the purest drugs are good for sick people. They can't afford to experiment. You may safely trust your prescriptions with us. We make a specialty of this work and are proud of the success we have achieved.

Doctors appreciate the care and accuracy with which their prescriptions are compounded and that accounts for our large trade.

R. C. DODSON.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by post a card, or letter, personally.

Dr. Reick was attending to business at Smethport this week.

"Bing" Hemphill came up from Tidioute on Monday to vote

Messrs. B. W. Green, Esq., and J. P. Felf, Esq., are on a business trip in North Carolina.

Rev. F. W. McClelland, the new Free Methodist minister at this place, was a PRESS visitor on Wednesday.

Don M. Larrabee came up from Philadelphia and voted the straight Republican ticket.

Mrs. Minnie Forbes, of Sisterville, W. Va., is visiting her mother and sister at this place.

Wm. Hackenberg and wife will move from Gardeau this week and occupy their residence on Fifth street.

Three of Emporium's little misses—Rosa Pye, Pearl McGrain and Mary McGrain—were Press callers on Monday.

John M. English, of Gibson, and M. Blodgett, of Grove, both consistent Republicans, were PRESS visitors on Wednesday.

John J. Hinkle and wife left for Philadelphia Tuesday evening, where Mrs. H. will spend the winter with her husband.

John M. Othmer, who is employed in a furniture factory near York, Pa., came home to vote this week and visit his family.

Miss Sadie Chapman is visiting her brother, Clark, at the Williamsport Commercial College. She is the guest of the Misses Othmer.

Edward Yeagle, who is attending the Pharmaceutical College, at Ada, Ohio, came home to vote and returned to his studies yesterday.

Charles L. Felt, who recently purchased the McQuay property on West Fourth street, moved into the same yesterday.

Ex-County Commissioner John A. Wykoff, of Grove, transacted business in Emporium on Wednesday. While in town he paid the PRESS a social and business visit.

Observe the change in the Emporium Furniture Company's ad. in another column.

The county commissioners of Tioga county paid off $10,000 of the bonded indebtedness of that county.

We will be glad to hear of the return of Frank Davidson to Dover. Such a show is a credit to a town and to the management of the opera house.—Ex.

F. C. Rieck is having the third floor of his store building in the Central block finished off. It will be fitted into three suites of rooms and will be very convenient for persons wishing rooms without board. — Smethport Miner.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting Borough Council, Emporium, Nov. 5th, 1900. All members present.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Murphy, that when we adjourn it shall be to meet next Monday night. Carried.

Veto message of Burgess read, which vetoed the resolution of Oct. 1st, 1900, appointing Frank Mundy Chief of Police and Asst. St. Commissioner.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Lloyd, that veto of Burgess be laid over for one week. Ayes and nays called and following vote taken:

Aye:—Shafer, Howard, Murphy, Lloyd, ... 4
Nay:—Strayer, Schweikart, Murry, Catlin, ... 4

The motion was declared lost.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Burke, that the resolution of Oct. 1st, 1900, appointing Frank Mundy as Chief of Police and Asst. St. Commissioner, be carried notwithstanding the veto of the Burgess. The ayes and nays called and the following vote taken:

Aye:—Shafer, Howard, Murphy, Lloyd, Burke, ... 5
Nay:—Strayer, Schweikart, Murry, Catlin, ... 4

Motion declared lost.

Committee in matter of completing sewer was continued.

Committee in matter of sewer at foot of Broad street, continued.

Committee in matter of tax on Iron Works was continued.

On motion by Mr. Shafer, seconded by Mr. Murphy, the following bill were ordered paid:

Walker, Howard & Co., supplies, etc.	$12 63
St. Marys Gas Co., to Nov. 1st, 1900,	70 00
C. B. Howard & Co., invoice of lumber,	23 70
J. A. Fisher, blacksmithing,	2 15
E. G. Strait, drying hose,	1 00
John Montgomery, drying hose,	1 00
John Blinzler, draying,	5 50
Thos. Smith, work on streets,	1 95
T. Cavanaugh, do do	18 00
John Welch, do do	15 00
Fred Luetzie, do do	4 50
R. Fountain, do do	1 50
Andrew Vogt, do do	1 50
J. Haviland, do do	50

Treasurer's report read and ordered on file.

Moved by Mr. Murry, seconded by Mr. Howard, that we reconsider the action taken on veto of Burgess. Carried. The question was called on original motion, the aye and nay vote taken as follows:

Aye:—Shafer, Howard, Murphy, Murry, Lloyd, Burke, ... 6
Nay:—Strayer, Schweikart, Catlin, 3

Motion declared carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Burke, that refunding order for $1, be drawn in favor of D. Geary to refund dog tax for 1900.

Moved by Mr. Shafer, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that the President of Council, and Mr. Murry and Mr. Howard, be appointed a committee in regard to street lights. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Shafer, that Council appropriate $200 to be spent on new sewer work this fall in such a manner as a committee of three to be appointed by the Council working in conjunction with the Board of Health may designate. Carried. Messrs. Shafer, Catlin and Murry were appointed committee.

Moved by Mr. Catlin, seconded by Schweikart, that we refrain from paying the appropriation for bridge at foot of Broad street until road connecting with same is made a public road. Aye and nay vote as follows:

Aye:—Strayer, Schweikart, Catlin, 3
Nay:—Shafer, Howard, Murphy, Murry, Lloyd, ... 5

Motion declared lost.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Murphy, that the motion to adjourn until next Monday night be reconsidered. Carried. Vote was taken on original motion and same declared lost.

On motion Council then adjourned.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

VETO MESSAGE FROM THE BURGESS

To the Honorable, the Common Council of Emporium:

GENTLEMEN:—

Your resolution passed under date of Oct. 1st, 1900, which reads as follows: "Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Murphy, that Frank Mundy be elected Chief of Police and Assistant Street Commissioner, to work under the direct orders of the Council at a salary of $50.00 per month" is returned without my approval for several reasons.

I wish you to understand, gentlemen, that none of these reasons should be considered as reflecting in any way on Mr. Mundy, as his reputation for strict honesty, sobriety, unshrinking devotion to duty and general reliability are well known and not for a moment to be brought into the question.

In my opinion one Street Commissioner is amply sufficient in a borough the size of Emporium and even if such assistant seemed desirable, I could not approve of such an anomalous condition of affairs as would result in the appointment of a Chief of Police as assistant to a street commissioner who would be liable at any time for duty under the Chief. If, however, the words "Assistant Street Commissioner" mean nothing and it is only intended that the Chief of Police is to do manual labor on the streets a part of the time then the action is in my mind no less objectionable, for we either need a policeman or we do not. If we need a Chief of Police at this time we surely need a man who can be on duty a good share of the night, and no man is physically capacitated for working on the streets during the day and serving as Policeman at night, in a manner to be worth his salt at either occupation. Members of the Council have said to me that we do not need an extra policeman and a man might be appointed to work on streets part of the time, and serve as police only when needed. If this is true, then we need no extra police at all, for we already have four constables in the borough who exactly fill the bill. They have other work, to be sure, but they are authorized and empowered by law to serve warrants and make arrests whenever they can be located and called upon to do so, and I believe that the services of a policeman serving under this resolution would be of no more value to the borough and entitled to no more pay than those of a constable. I have been urged by one of your members to act on this matter at once that something might be done without further delay. I beg you to remember, gentlemen, that the onus of this delay in appointing a policeman does not rest on your executive officer. During the first week in May, of this year, a committee from your honorable body waited on me in my office to obtain my views on this subject. I did not attempt to urge or force my views on your committee for we appeared to be in perfect accord right from the start. We were apparently perfectly agreed that we needed a Chief of Police; that he should be a sober, reliable man, that he must wear a regulation uniform when on duty; that he should go on duty about the middle of the day and remain on duty till a time not definitely stated, but at any rate till after midnight, and that he should receive $50 per month. We were also as one in the opinion that such officer should devote his entire time to the duties of his office. My opinion has not changed at all since our conference and I have been ready to approve such action, within 24 hours at any time since the first of May. I believe, gentlemen, that your motive in passing this resolution has been a most laudable one, the desire to save the borough as much expense as possible, but I trust on further deliberation, you will agree with me that an Assistant Street Commissioner is not needed, and that the appointment of what is prcticably a night policeman who is also required to work on the streets in the day time, is neither wise, economical nor in the best interest of the tax payers of the borough.

E. O. BARDWELL, Chief Burgess.
Emporium, Pa., October 5th, 1900.

MESSAGE FROM THE BURGESS.

To the Common Council of the Borough of Emporium, Pa.

GENTLEMEN:—

The President of your honorable body has no doubt handed you a copy of a notice from the St. Marys Gas Co. to the effect that said Company will cease to furnish natural gas for street torches in the borough of Emporium, after Jan. 1st, 1901. The communication states that St. Marys Gas Co. "will furnish natural gas for street lamps through Welsbach or similar burners at 25 cents per month for each burner so long as the supply of gas will warrant and until further notice. We are now paying $1.00 each per month for 35 torches which are very wasteful and the light is not and has never been satisfactory. I believe that we ought to have and can have a better light than these torches afford at less expense. You will note that we can secure twice as many lights through Welsbach burners (similar to the one in front of the gas office) as we now have at just half the expense for gas. You will also note by the letter from the "Best Street Light Co." of Canton, O., which I hand you herewith, that we can purchase from that firm good, servicable posts at $1.25 each and an excellent street lamp of a pattern now in use in many cities at $3.00 each, f. o. b., Canton. Add to this 75 cents for a Welsbach burner and we have a good, durable street lamp with post and burner all complete for $5.00. Fifty of these will cost $250.00. Gas for fifty burners at 25 cents each per month will cost $150.00 per year. $20.00 will more than pay all repairs for a year and we have fifty lights at an expense for the first year of $420.00, just what we now pay for 35 flickering, unreliable, unsatisfactory torches. After the first year we can have, if we choose 140 lights at the same price for gas that we now pay for 35 lights. I have no doubt but that the arrangement made with the Gas Co. for torches at $1.00 each per month was as good a bargain as could have been made at the time, but owing to the enormously increased lighting power of gas developed since that time by the invention of the Welsbach and similar burners, that old contract for torches has long since ceased to be advantageous to the borough and in my opinion it should be dropped now that we have the opportunity, just as fast as we can drop it.

It will be borne in mind that the street lamps above mentioned are suitable for any kind of gas, gasoline vapor or kerosene and should the gas supply fail, other lights could be put in at once with almost no expense. In this connection I beg to call your notice, gentlemen, to the paragraph in the letter of the Best Street Light Co., before refered to, in which they offer to send one of their vapor gas lamps on trial, to be returned if not satisfactory.

It seems to me that it might be a very good idea to have one of these lamps on trial for a week or two, and then we could intelligently compare and contrast the two lights and estimate the exact cost of operating them.

E. O. BARDWELL, Chief Burgess.
Emporium, Pa., Nov. 5th, 1900.

The Sibley Vote.

Mr. Sibley carries Venango county by 1900, Warren 1500 and Cameron by 25. Mr. Emery had 1400 in McKean county and defeated both Republican Representatives. Mr. Sibley's majority in the district is over 2,000.

A Halloween Party.

As a finishing touch to good old Halloween and the marriage of Mr. J. L. M. Mason and Miss Florence Hackett, on Oct. 31st, a party of merry makers, consisting of Miss Ella Hackett, of Emporium, Miss Minnie Barrett, Miss Alice Thamn, of Smethport, Miss Nettie Kissel, of Sterling Run, and several more of our townspeople repaired to the prospective home of Mr. and Mrs. Mason to await their arrival, intending a grand surprise, but as the bride and groom went a different route to their home the party was at a loss to understand their non-appearance

The hours passed wearily by, while Thos. Lyons broke the monotony with his blood curdling snores, and the lamentations of several other dejected and time-worn subjects with the "sand man's" trade mark on their facial expression. As the gas meter struck twelve, Tom Law raised the false alarm of the approach of the wedding party, but it was only the gas making another tally on the meter. The occupants of the house lingered until 2 o'clock, a. m., when a sad and disappointed procession wended their way, through the chill of the night, homeward, and not until morning did they learn that Mr. and Mrs. Mason had quietly repaired to the home of the bride where they passed a quiet night. ***

Also Climax * * * Brandy of Grape.

The superior vintage of 1878 Brandy, introduced by the Speer N. J. Wine Co., is highly spoken of by physicians eow

August Flower.

"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy, for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomach, and for constipation. I find for tourists and for salesmen, and for persons filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion."

Sample bottles free at L. Taggart's, Emporium, Pa. Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.

Get Green's Prize Almanac. 1n34eow

Letter to Dr. S. S. Smith.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: You understand chemistry; how'd you like to earn $100?

Devoe lead and zinc—that's the name of our paint that lasts twice as long as lead and oil—is made of white-lead, white-zinc, its color, turpentine dyer, and linseed oil.

If any chemist finds anything else in this paint, we'll pay his bill and $100 besides.

It's nobody's business what we put in our paint, of course; but we want it known. For lead and zinc and linseed oil are the stuff to paint with and lead alone is not.

We want it known that one word describes the best paint in the world; and that word it Devoe.

Are you going to paint?

Yours truly,
10 F. W. DEVOE & Co.

How "77" Breaks Up Colds.

Dr. Humphreys' famous Specific "Seventy-seven" breaks up a cold by restoring the checked circulation known by a chill or chilly feeling, the first sign of a cold, it starts the blood coursing through the veins and at once "breaks up" the cold.

"77" acts directly upon the disease, without exciting disease or disorder in any other part of the system,

"77" cures thoroughly; no bad after effects; no stuffy head; no catarrh; no sensitive throat; no prostration, vigor and strength being sustained during the attack.

"Seventy-seven" consists of a small vial of pellets; fits the vest pocket. At druggists, 25c. Doctor book mailed free. Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. 26ly

Astounding Discovery.

From Coopersville, Mich., comes word of a wonderful discovery of a pleasant tasting liquid that when used before retiring by any one troubled with a bad cough always ensures a good night's rest. "It will soon cure the cough too," writes Mrs. S. Himelburger, "for three generations of our family have used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and never found its equal for Coughs and Colds." It's an unrivaled life saver when used for desperate lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00 at L. Taggart's. Trial bottle free. nov

Stops the Cough And Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents. 26yl

Spreads Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they become "the best selling." Abraham Hare, a leading druggist, of Belleville, O., writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in 20 years." You know why? Most diseases begin in disorderers of stomach, livers, kidneys, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric bitters tones up the stomach, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, run down man or woman. Price 50 cents. Sold by L. Taggart, druggist. nov

DR. CHAS. F. SPANGLER,
Kane, Penn'a.
DISEASES OF WOMEN A SPECIALTY.
CONSERVATIVE TREATMENT.
TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE.
Dispensary cases treated at Kane Summit Hospital every Wednesday and Saturday morning

We are ready for the Winter Campaign.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.'S,

Popular - - -
Fairyland Store

Never did present such a lovely appearance as now, with the handsome and most stylish display of

LADIES WRAPS, COATS, CAPES,
COLLARETTES, SKIRTS,
SACKS, SHIRT WAISTS,

in satin, silk, wool and some in French Flannels. Some fine attractions in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR. NEW LINE OF UNDERWEAR and anything in Ladies wear.

Our China and Glassware

Department has never yet been so elaborately stocked with beautiful Novelties. Our display will astonish you for we have purchased larger than at any time since we embarked in business. Many beauties in cut glass and at moderate prices, for the quality of the ware. Take a look at our Silver Novelties—something unique and handsome.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.

Store News.

Trunks and Valises.

The business grows and grows, because more people are daily realizing the *advantages* of this trunk section. The comprehensiveness of the assortments, the high quality and the substantial savings are the advantages.

Cloaks and Suits.

We sell more cloaks and suits than any store in town. That we know, because the makers tell us that we handle more cloaks and suits than any other concern here This stock contains the greatest variety and best values.

Dress Goods.

Plain materials are in great favor. There is a good showing of plain goods at this store, a good showing of weaves—intricate and simple. Not a desirable color is missing. All temptingly priced.

M. C. TULIS.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE'S

Prescription Department is up to date in every particular. Hundreds will attest to the very low prices. 30 years experience.

Wall Paper.

2000 rolls at 3c per roll. A great variety of high grade paper at greatly reduced prices.

Paints! Paints! Paints!

Paints, oils and varnishes, a full line. Enamel paints, varnishes and stains, in all colors.

Fishing Tackle.

Save money! Call for your Prescriptions, Wall Paper, Paints, Oils Fishing Tackle.

L. TAGGART, Prop.

EIGHT SPECIALTIES. DAY'S EIGHT SPECIALTIES.

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Every day at this store has something of interst for home providers; but if you will keep watch of our FRIDAY and SATURDAY Specials you may reduce the expenses of the home by taking advantage of special prices. Remember, too, that we do not sacrifice quality for price. Only pure goods of first quality are offered.

SWEET POTATOES—Fancy Jersey seed—bright yellow stock, per peck 25c.

IRISH POTATOES, per bushel, 60c.

CALIFORNIA HAMS,—West Phalia brand, mild cure, medium size, per lb. 9c.

CANNED CORN—Standard N. Y., State quality, per can, 9c.

SCHUMACHERS ROLLED AVENA direct from the mills, 3c. lb.

SHREDDED WHEAT—Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit, the genuine, per package 12c.

CORN STARCH—absolutely pure and free from adulteration, per pound, 6c.

BAKING POWDER—Davises O. K., per lb. 18c.

MINCE MEAT, CRANBERRIES, SAUER KRAUT.

All new, fresh goods. Best value in Teas and Coffees. Have you tried "JA-MA-KA" Coffee? If not, you don't know how good it is. Its a clean, bright bean and makes a delicious and invigorating drink. 22c lb.

Although we are not handling fresh meat this season, any orders for Thanksgiving Poultry will have our prompt attention.

Telephone 6, Fourth St. J. H. DAY.

NOVEMBER MOVING SALE.

This is the greatest opportunity ever offered Furniture buyers. The SALE embraces

Bed-Room Suits, Side-Boards, Dining Tables and Couches.

The remarkable heavy trade, (even for this season) that we experienced last month, through SPECIAL SALES of

High Grade Furniture

is strong evidence that "Price" is the drawing card. This month we are determined to clear out our entire Stock of Bed-room Suits, Side boards, Dining tables and Couches in order to make room for Holiday goods.

We offer Solid Golden Oak Bed-room Suits with 24x30 French Bevel Glass, Cast Brass trimmings, Handsomly Carved for $19.00. Others at $22, $24, $27, $30, $40.

SIDE-BOARDS.

French Bevel Glass, Handsomly Carved $16. Others at $22, $24, $27, $35.

DINING TABLES, Solid Oak, 4 in. turned leg, 8ft., $6.50, 10ft., $8.00. Couches, Tow Stuffed and Cotton Top, four tone velour, from $5.00 to $25.00.

AN ENDLESS LINE OF BEAUTIFUL CHAIRS.

MAIL ORDERS receive prompt and conscientious attention

WE GUARANTEE TO PLEASE YOU. GIVE US A CALL.

Scientific Embalming! Funeral Directing!!

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EASTMAN'S KODAK

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

Fresh Candy.

I have just added a large line of fresh candy at my store, which is the purest the market affords.

Be Sure You'r Right, Then go Ahead.

That's a safe rule to follow all through life. It's a particularly good rule to follow when you are shopping. We don't want you to buy a single article here until you are sure that it and the price is right. We may charge you a certain price for something—before you buy it, we want you to know what other stores charge for the same thing.

HARRY S. LLOYD.

WAKING AT NIGHT.

When I wake up alone at night
I feel as if I had no eyes;
I stare and stare with all my might,
But only blackness round me lies.

I listen for the faintest sound,
And, though I strain with either ear,
The dark is silent all around;
It's just as if I could not hear.

But if I lie with limbs held fast,
A sort of sound comes like a sigh—
Perhaps the darkness rushing past,
Perhaps the minutes passing by.

Perhaps the thoughts in people's heads,
That keep so quiet all the day,
Wait till they're sleeping in their beds,
Then rustle out and fly away!

Or else this noise like whirring wings,
That dies with the first streak of light,
May be the sound of baby things,
All growing, growing, in the night.

Children and kitty-cats, and pups,
Or even little buds and flowers,
Daisies, perhaps, and buttercups,
All growing in the midnight hours.

And yet it seems to me a part,
And nothing far away or queer—
It's just the beating of my heart,
That sounds so strange as I lie here!

I do not know why this should be;
When darkness hides the world from sight,
I feel that all is gone but me—
A little child and the black night.
—Mabel Dearmer, in London Spectator.

THE STURGIS WAGER

A DETECTIVE STORY.

By EDGAR MORETTE.

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CHAPTER XXI.—CONTINUED.

Sprague rushed to the speaking-tube and whistled long and loud, after which he placed his ear to the mouthpiece.

"I hear some one walking," he suddenly exclaimed.

The two men listened in breathless silence for an answering call.

"Well, gentlemen, what can I do for you?"

The words came in Murdock's voice.

Sprague's eyes met those of the reporter and saw that the last faint glimmer of hope was gone. In that swift and silent interchange of thought there was resignation to the inevitable doom and the final farewell of two brave hearts.

The spluttering candle gave its last flicker and went out, leaving the prisoners in utter darkness.

The room was rapidly filling with gas and they were beginning to feel its effects.

"We can at least complete our task before we die," said Sturgis, with grim determination.

"Our task!"

"Yes, and insure Murdock's conviction for our murder."

"What chance is there that anyone will ever discover our bodies, since they are destined for Murdock's oblivion tank?"

"Give me your hand," Sturgis replied; "there is a box of matches. I place it here, between us, within easy reach. I want to write a few words to the superintendent of police to explain matters. By that time there will be enough gas in the room to produce a terrific explosion, when we strike a match. We can thus succeed in wrecking this place and calling attention to it. If I should succumb before you do, do not fail to light the match."

While he was speaking the reporter had taken from his pocket a pad and a pencil and had begun to write as rapidly as he could in the darkness.

Sprague's head was beginning to swim and his ears were ringing, but the thought of Agnes Murdock was uppermost in his mind.

"An explosion!" he exclaimed; "no, no; that must not be. What of Agnes? She may be hurt?"

Sturgis continued writing.

"It is the only chance there is of bringing Murdock to justice," he said, firmly.

"But Agnes is innocent of his crimes," urged the artist, in a thick voice. His tongue clove to his palate; he felt his consciousness ebbing. "Why should she suffer? I am going, old man—I cannot hold out any longer—Promise me that you—that you will not—strike—the match—"

He staggered and fell against the reporter, who caught him in his arms. His own senses were reeling.

"Promise—" pleaded the half-unconscious man.

"I promise," answered Sturgis, after an instant's hesitation.

It struck a chill to his heart to see his friend dying in the prime of youth, strength and happiness.

Suddenly a thought flashed upon him.

"Brace up, old fellow. All is not yet over. The speaking-tube leads to fresh air. Here, put your lips to it and breathe through your mouth."

The artist heard the words and made an effort to obey these directions. With Sturgis' assistance he managed to place his lips to the mouth-piece of the speaking-tube. A few whiffs of comparatively fresh air sent the sluggish blood coursing through his veins and gave him a new hold on life. With renewed vigor came the animal instinct to fight to the last for existence.

As the shadows of death which had been closing in upon him receded, he became conscious of Sturgis' voice beating upon his ears in broken and scarcely audible tones.

"It is—the last chance—Stick—to the tube—When he comes—surprise him—your revolver—shoot—before—"

The reporter was clinging unsteadily to his friend's shoulder. Sprague suddenly realized that Sturgis in his turn was succumbing to the effects of the gas. He sprang back in time to catch the staggering man in his arms.

"Selfish brute that I am!" he exclaimed "Here; it is your turn to breathe!" And he pushed the reporter toward the tube.

"No, no," said Sturgis, struggling faintly; "it cannot be both—and you—have—everything—to live for."

But the artist was now the stronger, and he succeeded in forcing his friend to inhale enough fresh air to restore his departing consciousness.

At length Sturgis, with returning strength, was about to renew the generous struggle with Sprague, when suddenly the place was ablaze with the glow of an electric light.

"He wants to see if his work is done," whispered Sturgis, to his companion.

Then, observing that Sturgis was again on the verge of asphyxiation, he continued hurriedly:

"Fill up your lungs with air, quick!—quick, I tell you. Now drop and feign death. Do as I do."

Suiting the action to the word, Sturgis threw himself upon the stone floor, face downward, and lay motionless, his right hand grasping a revolver concealed beneath his body. Sprague, after a short breathing spell at the tube, followed his companion's example.

After a short interval there came a metallic click, which Sturgis recognized as the sound made by the opening of the slide in the panel of the door at the head of the stairs.

A moment—which seemed an eternity of suspense — followed, during which the prisoners felt, without being able to see, the cold gleam of the steely eyes of Murdock at the grating.

Would he enter? Would he suspect the ruse? Would the two men retain their grasp of consciousness and their strength long enough to make a last fight for life?

These thoughts crowded upon the reporter's brain as he lay simulating death and making a desperate effort to control his reeling senses.

If Murdock were coming he would have to shut off the gas and ventilate the room. What was he waiting for?

"Come in!"

The words were Murdock's as he turned away from the grating and closed the sliding panel.

"An interruption which probably means death to us," whispered Sturgis to his companion; "take another breath of fresh air, old fellow; we must hold out a little longer."

Sprague, however, lay motionless and unresponsive. The reporter shook him violently and turned him over upon his back. The artist's body was limp and inert; his eyes half closed; his face livid.

The reporter himself felt sick and faint. But, with a mighty effort, he succeeded in raising his friend in his arms, and dragging him toward the speaking-tube. There, of a sudden, his strength failed him. His head swam; his muscles relaxed; he felt Sprague's limp form slip from his grasp, tottered, reeled, threw his arms wildly about him for support, and fell, as the last elusive ray of consciousness was slipping away from him.

CHAPTER XXII.

FATHER AND DAUGHTER.

After Sprague had left her, Agnes, shaken by the conflicting emotions of the day, had gone to her room to rest and to prepare for the interview which she meant to have with her father on the subject of her lover and of Chatham.

Having received word that Murdock would remain in his study during the rest of the afternoon, she had taken time to reflect upon what she meant to say, and how she meant to say it. Her visit was not prompted by the desire of a daughter to confide the great happiness of her life to the loving sympathy of an affectionate parent; but Agnes was punctilious in the performance of what she considered to be her duties, great and small, and she counted it among those duties to obtain, or at any rate to seek, the paternal sanction of her choice of a husband.

Her knock at the door of Murdock's study was answered in the chemist's quiet voice:

"Come in."

As she opened the door, Murdock advanced to meet her. He seemed to come from the direction of the extension.

Miss Murdock sniffed the air.

"Isn't there a leak of gas?" she inquired.

"Yes," replied Murdock; "I have just stopped a leak in the laboratory. Won't you take a chair, Agnes?"

She felt his calm, searching glance upon her; and, in spite of her preparation, she grew embarrassed, as was her wont, in her father's presence.

"Did Mr. Chatham wait to see you this afternoon?" she asked, after a momentary silence.

Murdock observed her narrowly.

"Yes; Chatham has been here today. I did not know that you had seen him."

"I could not help seeing him; for he forced his way into the parlor, in spite of all the servants could do to prevent him."

An almost imperceptible furrow appeared between the chemist's eyes.

"Has he been annoying you with his attentions?"

The words were spoken in Murdock's usual tones; but Agnes saw something in her father's eyes and in the firm lines of his mouth which sent a cold shiver down her spine, and caused her pity to go out to the unfortunate young man who had offended her.

"Perhaps he is more to be pitied than blamed," she suggested, gently. "My interview with him was certainly not pleasant; but I bear him no malice."

"Tell me about it," said Murdock, slowly.

Agnes gave her version of the visit, in which, instinctively, she softened, as much as possible, the passion and brutality displayed by the accountant.

Murdock listened in silence until she had quite finished. Then Agnes noticed that his right hand was clenched upon the arm of his chair with a force which caused the muscles to stand out in hard knots. She looked up into his face in sudden surprise.

His features gave no indication of what his feelings might be; and his voice, as usual, was steady and deliberate.

"I am sorry all this should have happened, Agnes. As I told you yesterday, I hoped to save you from this man's importunities. It cannot be helped now. But I think I made it clear to the gentleman that his attentions are as distasteful to me as they are to you. As he seems to have told you, he has been obliged to leave the country—I understand that he has done something or other which makes it safer for him to undertake a long journey. At any rate, we are well rid of him for some time to come, and I think you need have no fear of further molestation."

"What did he mean by saying that he had had encouragement from you?" asked the young girl.

"I am sure I do not know. That was of course a lie out of whole cloth. He came to me with letters of recommendation from good friends of mine, and I therefore occasionally invited him to the house; but that is all the encouragement he ever got from me. We live in the United States and at the close of the nineteenth century. The selection of a husband is no longer performed by a stern parent, but is left entirely to the young girl herself. That is certainly my way of looking at the matter. When you find the man of your choice, my only function will be to give you advice, if you seek it, and my best assistance in any event."

The turn of the conversation thus suddenly brought to the surface the topic which occupied the young girl's mind, to the exclusion of all others; and which, for that very reason, had been kept severely in the background up to that point.

"That reminds me," said Agnes, consciously, as a charming flush suffused her beautiful face, "that I have not yet broached the principal object of this interview—"

Murdock observed her closely and waited for her to proceed. But Agnes

TOTTERED AND REELED.

was once more laboring under a strange embarrassment and could not find words in which to frame the confidence she was so reluctant to offer.

Perhaps the chemist divined something of the nature of what she was struggling to find expression for. At any rate, he noticed her embarrassment and endeavored to come to her assistance with a few encouraging words, spoken with unusual gentleness. Agnes, engrossed with her own thoughts, did not notice it; but there was in his manner as near an approach to tender wistfulness as his nature was capable of.

At last the young girl seemed to gather courage, and she was about to speak, when there was a knock upon the door.

"Plaze, sur; there do be two gintlemin in the hall."

"Who are they, Mary?"

"Shure, thin, sir, I dunno, barrin' wan uv 'em do be a polacemun."

"Did they ask to see me?"

"They did not, sur; shure they asked if Mr. Chapman was in."

"Mr. Chatham?"

"Yis, sur. And I told 'em he wuz here this afthernoon, and I wud see wuz he here now, fur I ain't seen him go yit."

"Well, Mary, you see he has gone, since he is no longer here," said Murdock quietly. "Take the gentlemen into the parlor, and tell them I shall be with them in a minute."

"All right, sur."

After the maid had left the room, the chemist rose from his chair and walked toward the door leading to the library.

"If you will excuse me for a few minutes, Agnes, I shall see what these men want. Wait for me here, if you will. I shall be back directly."

So saying, he noiselessly opened the folding doors and passed into the library, closing the doors carefully behind him.

Freed from the presence of her father, Agnes almost instantly regained her composure. She had not, however, had much time to collect her thoughts, when she was suddenly startled by a loud, shrill whistle, which brought her to her feet in alarm.

"Well?"

She asked the question in anxious tones, as if realizing that life and death were in the balance. Then she placed her ear to the mouthpiece.

At first she could not make out the words spoken by her invisible interlocutor. Then, gradually, they fell upon her ear with terrible distinctness; and she stood spellbound, as in a horrible nightmare, with sudden terror in her staring eyes, and with the fearful sense of impotence in her trembling limbs.

CHAPTER XXIII.

THE SPEAKING TUBE.

Nature has implanted in every one of its living creatures, from the top to the bottom of the scale, the strongest of all instincts — that of self-preservation. As Sturgis fell forward and clutched wildly at the air, his hand struck the stone wall of the square chamber. No conscious impression was made upon his brain by the contact; but, automatically, his fingers tightened as they slipped over the smooth surface. His right hand struck an obstacle and closed upon it, in the convulsive grip of a dying man. Then a sudden gleam of consciousness swept across his sluggish brain.

It was the speaking-tube!

He clung to it with the remnant of his strength and eagerly placed his lips to the mouthpiece. For a few minutes he drank in with avidity the revivifying draughts of air which gradually brought him back from the brink of death.

With returning consciousness, the thought of his dying friend recurred to him in all its vividness. He tried to go to his assistance; but he was sick and faint, and his limbs were powerless to respond to his will. Then, at last, he was seized with utter despair and gave up the struggle.

He had sunk dejectedly upon the chair when a faint and indistinct murmur, as of distant voices, beat upon his ears, whose natural acuity seemed extraordinarily increased by the long nervous tension under which he had been. The ruling passion is strong in death; without knowing just why he did so, Sturgis found himself again at the speaking-tube, endeavoring to hear the conversation, the sound of which evidently came from Murdock's office.

He could barely distinguish a word here and there; but he recognized the timber of one of the voices. It was the chemist's, and his interlocutor was a woman—perhaps his daughter. If only he could reach Agnes Murdock with some word or signal.

In suspense, he held his ear to the mouthpiece, occasionally taking a breath of fresh air to renew his strength.

Should he take the chances and shout in the hope of catching the young girl's attention? If he whistled, Murdock would answer himself, and the last chance would be lost. But would she hear a shout? And, if she did, would not her father prevent her from rendering any assistance? Yet what other chance was there? Poor Sprague was dying; perhaps already dead. There was no time to lose.

[To Be Continued.]

THE TIMELY SERMON.

One That Was Unpremeditatedly Delivered at Great Expense to the Preacher.

Thoreau said that once, having occasion to borrow an ax from Emerson, he took it back sharper than he received it. Although he may do so less voluntarily than Thoreau, the borrower habitually pays interest, and often usury, upon the tools or sentiments which he appropriates.

A shy, nervous clergyman, says the late Bishop How, was once asked to fill the pulpit of a sick friend, for which purpose he hastily borrowed a clearly written sermon, headed, "The Value of Time." He got on very well in the pulpit till he came to a sentence saying that as the parish had no town clock, it was his intention to present one. Being too nervous to skip the sentence, he did actually present the promised clock, which cost him over $300.

Under like circumstances, relates Youth's Companion, another vicar first discovered in the pulpit that the manuscript sermon from which he was preaching had been prepared upon the occasion of a farewell. The allusions to the event being too numerous to be omitted, the vicar spoke boldly of the close of his 12 years' ministry, reduced many of his congregation to tears, and put his wholly unpremeditated resignation into effect.

An Ohio minister, on the contrary, some years ago decided to close a long pastorate. The carefully concealed satisfaction of his congregation found expression in a farewell reception, and a silver water-pitcher with laudatory addresses. All this so touched the heart of the recipient that he exclaimed: "My dear people, I will not leave you!" and there he is to this day.

Early New York Police.

In 1658 New York had in all ten watchmen. In New England at the same time the constables and watch were all carefully appointed by law, says the Albany Argus. They carried black staves six feet long, tipped with brass, and hence were called "tipstaves," the night watch was called a bell man. He looked out for fire and thieves and other disorders, and called the time of the night and the weather. The pay was small, often but a shilling a night, and occasionally a "coat of kersey." In large towns, as Boston and Salem, 13 "sober, honest men and householders" were the night watch. The highest in the community, even the magistrates, took their turn at the watch, and were ordered to walk two together, a young man with "one of the soberer sort."

Will Be a Woman.

"Henpeck's baby is tongue-tied, they say. Is he going to have its tongue cut loose?"

"No; he says he don't think he will. It is a girl."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Correcting Him.

"I will make you walk the chalk!" exclaimed the angry customer, as he led the milkman through the stream of spilled milk.—Baltimore American.

QUEEN WILL MARRY.

Girl Ruler of Holland Has at Last Found a Bridegroom.

The Happy Man Is Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin — Announcement Was a Surprise to Court Society.

Queen Wilhelmina has proclaimed her betrothal to Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, a dashing young officer and a special favorite of Kaiser Wilhelm.

Duke Henry is tall, bright-looking and German in appearance. He is a lieutenant in the Prussian Life guards and is also attached to the Mecklenburg fusileers.

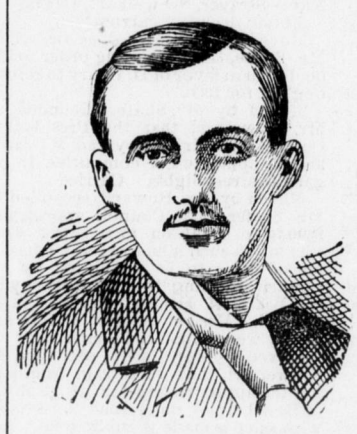
The marriage will take place next spring.

The duke is scarcely known in Amsterdam and not particularly well at The Hague. It was rumored that the queen had selected his elder brother, Duke Adolf.

By betrothing herself to the duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin Queen Wilhelmina disappoints all the schemes of royal matchmakers. The name of the bridegroom selected has at no time been coupled with hers. The news of the engagement will bring disgust to a dozen or more highly eligible princes of royal families. Here are a few of them to whom she has actually been reported betrothed at one time or another:

Prince Frederick William, oldest son of the kaiser.
Prince William of Wied.
Prince Bernard Henry of Saxe-Weimar.
Prince Harold of Denmark.
Prince Nicolas of Greece.
Prince Eugene of Sweden.
Prince Alexander of Teck.
Prince Frederick Henry of Prussia.
Prince Adolph Bernard of Schaumberg Lippe.
Prince Louis Napoleon.
Prince Max of Baden.

The queen, in choosing the duke for a husband, has fulfilled the requirements of the law which demand that she shall marry a Protestant and that he shall be a prince of a reigning house. The Mecklenburg-Schwerins have been devout Protestants from the time of the reformation and they



DUKE HENRY OF MECKLENBURG.
(Engaged to Marry Queen Wilhelmina of The Netherlands.)

constitute a reigning family, though their principality is small.

Queen Wilhelmina celebrated the twentieth anniversary of her birthday on August 31, and it was then expected that she would announce her choice at the banquet given in her honor at Amsterdam. She only promised that she would do so before Christmas.

Not since Queen Victoria ascended England's throne, 62 years ago, have so many princes sued for one lady's hand.

It is absolutely imperative that the queen should marry without delay. The security of Holland, the permanence of the dynasty and the continuance of the country in quiet, monarchical ways depend upon this event. She is the last representative in Holland of the ancient and illustrious house of Orange, which is forever endeared to the Dutch people by the services of William the Silent. All her near relatives are descended on the paternal side from some German house and there is nothing the Dutch fear more than absorption into the German empire.

The young queen early showed symptoms of independence in the matter of choosing a husband. She rejected her cousin, Prince Bernard of Saxe-Weimar, because he was so ugly. Nevertheless, it was confidently expected that she would finally marry a man indicated to her for reasons of state.

It was reported some time ago that she would certainly accept the suit of the German crown prince. It is an open secret in court circles that she was deeply in love with Frederick William, a fact which was substantiated during her recent visit to Berlin, where they were always together. When Kaiser Wilhelm stopped at Schweringen after his visit to Queen Victoria it was rumored that a match had been arranged. It is believed that the queen declined on account of the deep-rooted antipathy of her subjects to the Germans and their fear of being absorbed in the German empire.

A Trifle Too Aesthetic.

An aesthetic English vicar at Wembley will not allow the word "died" to be put on the tombstones of the people buried in the cemetery. He insists on phrases like "departed this life," or "passed away," or "entered into rest," and says that "died" is a denial of the Christian teaching of immortality.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"They say," remarked the philosophic man, "that the darkest hour is just before the dawn." "Jimminy!" exclaimed Lazibones, "that's one of my brightest hours, for I'm always sure to be asleep then."—Philadelphia Press.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

An iceman was the only person who possessed sufficient coolness to meet and dispatch a mad dog on a Pittsburgh street the other day.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

No man appreciates poetry unless he has a little of it in his make-up.—Chicago Daily News.

Like Oil Upon Troubled Waters is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar upon a cold. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Nothing Doing.—Bernstein—"Vot's der news, oldt man?" Flamski (with paper)—"Oh, nodding to speak of; two false alarms undt sefen small fires."—Town Topics.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Returns.—"Does he get any returns from his poetry?" "All he does get."—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

Other people don't amount to much when you use yourself as a standard of comparison.—Chicago Daily News.

Two Big Pains

seem to be the heritage of the human family everywhere, viz:

Rheumatism
and
Neuralgia

but there is one sure and prompt cure for both, viz:

St. Jacobs Oil

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50 UNION MADE

If you have been paying $4 to $5 for shoes, a trial of W. L. Douglas $3 or $3.50 shoes will convince you that they are just as good in every way and cost from $1 to $1.50 less. Over 1,000,000 wearers.

One pair of W. L. Douglas $3 or $3.50 shoes will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary $3 or $3.50 shoes.

We are the largest makers of men's $3 and $3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more $3 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the U. S.

BEST $3.50 SHOE.

The reputation of W. L. Douglas $4.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearers expect more for their money than they can get elsewhere.

BEST $3.00 SHOE.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas $3 and $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because THEY ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them; we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. *Catalogue Free.* W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. Brockton, Mass.

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New line via Rockford, Dubuque, Waterloo, Fort Dodge and Council Bluffs. Buffet-library-smoking-cars, sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, dining cars. Send to the undersigned for a free copy of Pictures and Notes En-Route illustrating this new line as seen from the car window. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines. A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the Itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. At druggists or by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

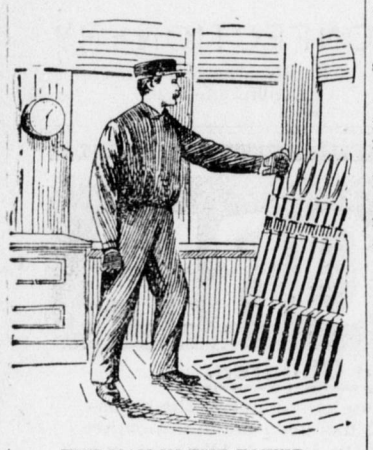
25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

BLOCK SIGNAL SYSTEM.

It Virtually Prevents Railroad Collisions and Is Operated by the Faithful Tower Man.

It is much safer to ride on a railway train now than it used to be. On many roads "lock and block" signals keep a train from being run into from behind, and it is impossible to have a head on collision, because trains going in the opposite direction are on another track. In the old days trains were kept from colliding by sending telegrams, and mistakes of telegraph operators often cost many lives. Nowadays when an engineer is running his train close to another on the same track he knows it by signals placed every little way along the line, and the telegraph operator has nothing to do with it.

A road on which these siganls are to be used is first divided into sections or "blocks," each about two miles long. The rails of each block are separated from the rails of the adjoining blocks by some substance that will not let



THE MAN IN THE TOWER.

electricity through. In a tower midway of the block is an electric indicator which is attached to both rails of the track by two wires. When a train enters a block at one end, the indicator, the two wires, the two lines of rails and the nearest car truck form an electric circuit along which travels a current from a battery. The indicator clicks as the current passes through it and the words "Train in Block" appear in a slot in front. The instant that the train passes out of the block the current stops, these words drop out of sight and the word "Free" appears.

There is an arm-like signal called a semaphore at the end of the block and also at the tower, and the tower man operates them both by levers. Engineers have orders to slow down their trains at the first semaphore if it is a danger signal, and to stop at a danger signal at the tower. When the train approaches a block the signals are in the danger position and the tower man cannot change them without permission from the next tower man, because his levers are locked and can only be released by the second man. So he presses a button and rings three electric bells in the second tower. If there is a train in that block the answer is five bells, but if his block is clear the second man presses a plunger at the bottom of his indicator and completes an electric circuit that releases the first man's levers but locks his own. The first man then signals that the way is safe, and as soon as the train has passed the tower he puts up the danger signals again. It is now time for the second tower man to signal to the third by ringing three bells and getting his machinery unlocked, and the third has to ring up the fourth, and so on. The train is thus safely handed along from block to block, with never less than a full block section between trains. On a large railroad the block signals are operated several hundred thousand times a day without a single mistake.—Little Chronicle.

AGGY WAS AMUSING.

Filipino Monkey, Although Full of Pranks, Was the Pet of an American Regiment.

When my brother returned from the Philippine islands not long ago, having seen service in the island of Negros, he brought with him a pet monkey named Aguinaldo. In his native land Aggy was quite an amusing beast. If the soldiers happened to be in want of cocoanuts or mangoes Aggy would willingly go up a cocoanut or mango tree and shake down any quantity of fruit, when he would come down and look as if he was highly pleased at what he had done. Although Aggy was useful at times, he was very mischievous. For instance, he would hunt until he found some of the officers' best cigars and then proceed to chew a small hole out of the middle of each cigar, making them so they would not draw well. Another favorite prank was to throw razors, toothbrushes and the like out of the window and then take refuge in the top of a cocoanut tree, where he would stay until the razor owner's wrath had somewhat abated.

He relished spiders and moths, and would frequently burn his feet or mouth in attempting to catch the moths who were attracted by the light of a candle. But Aggy did not thrive in this climate. He was sent to a man who took care of all kinds of animals, but in consequence of the voyage over and the unsuitableness of this climate he died about three weeks after arriving here.—N. Y. Herald.

PRANKS OF MONKEYS.

Little Simians of India Indulge in All Sorts of Sport in an Almost Human Way.

"When I was traveling in northern India," said a gentleman who had recently completed a journey around the world, "I was constantly impressed with the almost human ways of the monkeys there. You see, they are never molested, which is also true of the birds, and they are as tame and impudent as spoiled children.

"I remember that one morning while we were sitting at breakfast on the veranda of our hotel suddenly we heard the noisiest chattering, and down the main street of the town came a crowd of long-tailed monkeys, runing a race, evidently. They shrieked and chattered at every leap, tripping each other up, pulling each other's tails, and seemed to be having a generally hilarious time. While we left the table to watch their antics some Indian crows that had been solemnly lined up on the veranda rail watching us eat made a dash for the food, and had quite a fight with the native servant before they were finally driven away.

"But the monkeys of India are surely the most irresponsible in the world," continued the traveler. "I can call them people, because they are such ludicrous counterfeits of human beings. In many of the old temples there are monkey settlements. I remember one in particular which was sacred to the simians. There seemed to be thousands of the creatures, and I was told that 5,000 had recently been taken to the woods to get rid of them. But in this temple I saw little simian mothers nestling and rocking their babies in their arms for all the world like Christian mothers. I ventured to pick up one of the infants that was running about, and instantly the baby gave a typical infantile squeal and the excited mother came to me, chattering angrily. I put the infant down and the mother, her eyes still blazing with anger, carried the little one to a corner and petted and rocked it, frequently turning to give me a scornful look.

"It is not uncommon for the monkeys in the trees to reach down and seize the traveler's hat as he passes.

"Perhaps the most remarkable sight in connection with the monkeys in India I witnessed early one morning. We were riding in the highway and by a vacant field. Suddenly from the neighboring forest a troop of monkeys entered the field and began a regular May dance, taking hold of hands and forming a large circle, then dancing round and round and chattering gleefully."

WESTERN EPISODE.

Widow of Gen. Custer Describes How a Horse Killed an Ugly and Vicious Rattlesnake.

Few of us have ever seen a horse kill a snake, but Mrs. Custer describes the performance in her story of "The Kid" in St. Nicholas.

As they were pushing out of a jungle on foot one day the colonel said: "Samanthy is a little too attentive, Alf; he shoves himself alongside of me, and when I remonstrate he backs a little, but keeps so close he almost treads on my heels."

"Well, father, I suppose he thinks nothing can go on without him. He's been in everything I ever did yet."

As they came to a narrow defile, with the branches of the trees festooned with moss and the ground tangled with vines and thick underbrush,

SAMANTHY KILLS THE SNAKE.

Samanthy forgot his manners and crowded to the front. The colonel, peering into the thicket for birds, heard what he took to be the whirr of pheasants' wings, and he lifted his gun to take aim. The Kid, pressing on, saw with his keen eyes that it was nothing so harmless as the rising of a covey of birds. A huge rattlesnake, overlooked by the colonel in his intense concentration on the thicket, lay coiled directly in front of him, the vicious mouth hissing, the eyes gleaming with fire. Alf was in agony. He could not fire, for his father or the pony would have received the shot as they were placed.

But a more vigilant pair of eyes than even the Kid's had discovered the reptile, and with a spring in front of the colonel, and with the nicest exactitude, down came the pony with a buck jump, his hoofs close together on the head of the snake, crushing in the deadly fangs and flattening the skull into the soft soil!

Still there was an ominous rattle of the tail, and the little nag gathered himself again, bowed his supple back and drove his hoofs into the mottled skin of the deadly foe of mankind.

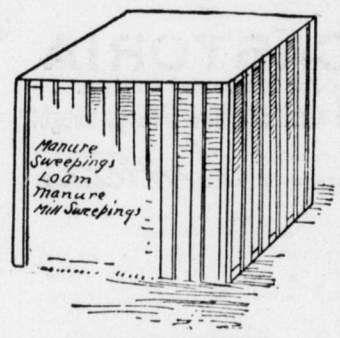
Tommy Was Philosophical.

"Teacher says that rubber trees grow wild in Florida," said a seven-year-old school girl. "Well, s'pose they do," rejoined her brother, aged five. "Nobody ever has any use for rubbers till it rains and then it's too wet to go out in the woods and gather them."

AN INSECT BREEDER.

A Useful Contrivance Where Chickens Have to Be Kept Constantly in Small Quarters.

Here is a grub and worm-breeder for chickens in small quarters. Build a rack four feet square, as in illustration, the sides being made of narrow slats nailed to the frame, six or eight inches apart. In this frame place a



AN INSECT BREEDER.

layer of two or three inches manure, then a layer of earth or rich loam, and next a layer of mill sweepings, shorts or bran, each layer the same thickness. Repeat until the rack is filled. Grubs and worms will breed in abundance, and, seeking the edge of the rack, will become the prey of the fowls.—Orange Judd Farmer.

IS EASILY CURED.

Feather-Eating Hens Are Not Vicious But Victims of a Disease That Yields to Simple Treatment.

The New York Experiment station recently published a bulletin on "feather eating" among fowls. The report makes a number of observations on this habit, suggesting that it is the result of a lack of nitrogenous matter in the feed and citing experiments where fresh cut bone, lean meat, etc., were fed. "The vice," the report says, "is very uncommon among fowls that have exercise and a variety of food, and it is most economical to prevent its appearance by careful feeding, but as the spread is rapid even under a ration which does not ordinarily seem to encourage its development, the vice should be stamped out by the death or removal of the first offender."

The editor of the Farm and Dairy, New South Wales, calls attention to the fact of the failure to mention the true cause of "feather eating." "It is now a well-known fact," says the editor, "that feather eating is due to a minute parasite (sarcoptis laevis) which feeds at the roots of the feathers, thus irritating the bird and causing them to pluck out their own feathers. Where feathers are pulled out by other birds, it is due to the presence of lice, for which they are searching."

The prevention and remedy, says the editor, are simple, as the mite disease is contagious. Isolation of the affected bird is the first step, especially if it be a cock. The mites yield readily to treatment of one part of creosote to 20 parts of lard or vaseline, well rubbed into the affected parts.

HOW A HEN FEEDS.

In Her Natural State She Delights in Consuming Hours in Obtaining a Full Meal.

Observe how the hen feeds when out on the range. It is first a blade of grass or leaf of clover, then a short chase for a grasshopper or cricket, says Wallaces' Farmer. She now discovers a soft spot in the soil which she believes worth investigating, and sets to work with the mining tools which nature has given her with a view of finding out if it is "pay dirt." A fuzzy weed head is in her path and she stops to shatter down a few of the ripened seeds. She is drawn away from this repast by another grasshopper, which springs down in front of her and jumps away again just in time to save himself from the dash which she has made at him. In place of the grasshopper which she didn't get, she nips another clover leaf or blade of grass. Thus the hen feeds a little at a time and consuming hours in obtaining a full meal. It seems that people who see this every day might know that throwing down a measure of shelled corn on a bare spot is not the proper way to feed the hens. And those who do this will receive conclusive proof that there is something wrong with their feeding during the time of year when the hen has no choice of food, but must live on what is given her by the owner.

Big Success with Sheep.

Every little while we come across accounts of men, who, in a small way, have made splendid money out of sheep. One of the latest is that of an Iowa man bought some Cotswold ewes two years ago at $3 per head. He kept them until they raised two crops of lambs for him and sold them for $4.25 apiece. The first year their fleeces averaged 11½ pounds, the second year 12. One crop of lambs brought $5.60 per 100 pounds, the other $5.50. All the owner did to fatten them was to give them corn husks and timothy hay and let them run in the yard where he was fattening cattle. They picked up corn enough for themselves around the troughs.

BIG FOOT'S SHOE WON.

Singular Stake in a Gentlemen's Game of Poker in Leavenworth's Blooming Days.

"Did I ever tell you how Big Foot Ed Bunch, of Leavenworth, won nearly $5,000 on a poker hand, by betting one of his shoes?" asked the old sport. No? Well, then I'll tell you.

"Back in the 60s Big Foot Bunch was the most famous poker player that ever struck Leavenworth. In those days the old town was an outfitting point and was booming. Bunch's one striking characteristic was the size of his feet, and that is how he got his name. No other man of modern times ever carried such a pair of feet. They were each fully 18 inches in length, and he was compelled to have his shoes made to order.

"One evening after a boat load of tourists had come up, Big Foot fell into conversation with some of the passengers and finally a poker game was suggested. Four men, including Big Foot, signified their desire to play and in a few minutes they were at it. As the cards were being shuffled for the first deal one of the three strangers remarked that he guessed it would be a gentleman's game, which means a game in which a player may make bets without putting his money in front of him, in other words, betting on credit. As the three strangers all looked prosperous Big Foot said that he was satisfied, and the game proceeded.

"In those days the old-fashioned leather pocketbooks were used almost exclusively by wealthy men. You will remember that they had one compartment for bills which folded up and the book was held together by a strap which slipped through a leather holder. Every now and then one of the strangers would dig up his leather pocketbook, throw it into the middle of the table and murmur: 'A thousand better.'

"Big Foot had about $1,500 in cash in front of him but his hands were not running high, and it was some time before he had occasion to go against the pocketbook play. Finally on his own deal he caught three tens to go, and the fourth ten dropped into his hand on the draw.

"Everybody stayed, and when it got around to Big Foot after the draw he made a raise that took every cent in front of him. The first player to the left then went for his pocketbook again and tossing it into the center simply remarked: '$1,000 better.' The next man saw the raise and went it $500 more. The third man threw his pocketbook into the center to make good, and the three looked at Big Foot inquiringly.

"Big Foot was equal to the occasion. He was convinced that he had the top hand, and he proposed to play it for all it was worth. Quickly slipping off one of his immense shoes he threw it into the center with the remark: 'Well, gentlemen, as you are all playing leather, I will do a little of it myself. I guess there's enough good calf-skin there to see the bets already made, and raise $2,500 more.'

"The other players sized up the shoe and then breaking into a hearty laugh laid down their hands. Big Foot raked in all the loose money in sight, and the strangers then opened their pocketbooks and counted out the amounts for which their leather stood.

"I've heard lots of times of fellows betting their clothes on a hand, but I doubt if you will find another instance in the history of draw poker where a player's shoe was good for a $5,000 pot."

How Lighthouses Get Their Supplies.

About once a month a small vessel or tender visits the lighthouse, with letters, newspapers, books, coal, kerosene, wicks, window glass, lumber, hardware, eatables, fresh water and other things. These are generally hoisted from the boat to the storeroom windows with a derrick. Lightships are also supplied by tenders. The tender takes back the keeper's report to the inspector and letters to the friends and relatives of the men. Few women live in lighthouses, and in a good many of them they are forbidden.—Little Chronicle.

Carter's Ink is just as cheap as poor ink and is the best ink made. Always use Carter's.

The flea was probably the original backbiter.—Chicago Daily News.

Fireworks give a very appropriate reception to a firebrand.—Town Topics.

Nowadays the office, bowing gracefully to the inevitable, seeks the boss.—Puck.

"How do you know he is a great pianist?" "I have talked with him."—Town Topics.

A great many people "make fun of you." Don't give them any more occasion than you can help.—Atchison Globe.

Kissing was tabooed by the Essenees. The latter are all dead now, but we understand that the former is still in fashion.—Star of Hope.

Do you whine? Do you make others miserable, as well as yourself? If you must whine, do it in the seclusion of your own room. You have no right to be a public pest.—Atchison Globe.

His Meaning.—"What do you mean when you say she lampooned her husband?" asked the magistrate of the witness. "I mean she threw a lighted lamp at him," the witness explained.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

"Don't you find that Mr. Aster's poems," said that young poet's misguided admirer, "are full of words that burn?" "Well, no," replied the editor, "I never put them to that test; I merely drop them in the waste basket."—Philadelphia Press.

If you have been smashing around with a club, you must have remarked that that way of acting has its drawbacks. Try the other plan; say kind things occasionally; do kind things occasionally. Be considerate of others, and people will like you better; you will suit yourself better. — Atchison Globe.

A little wealth has little wings, and large wealth has large wings. The humming-bird and the albatross or the condor, and all between, can fly. An improvident person who has but small means is necessarily improvident in a small way, but give him wealth and he would be improvident in a large way. Wealth has never yet been tethered for a long period. It finally breaks its gyves and is gone.—Chicago Interior.

A Noted Knight Templar Owes His Health to Peruna.

Colonel T. P. Moody, a prominent Knight Templar, is well known in every city in the United States west of Buffalo, N. Y., as a Jeweler's Auctioneer. In the city of Chicago as a prominent lodge man, being a member of the K. T.'s and also of the Masons. The cut shows Colonel Moody in the costume of the Oriental Consistory Masons, 32nd degree.

In a recent letter from 5900 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Ill., Mr. Moody says the following:

"For over twenty-five years I suffered from catarrh, and for over ten years I suffered from catarrh of the stomach terribly.

"I have taken all kinds of medicines and have been treated by all kinds of doctors, as thousands of my acquaintances are aware in different parts of the United States, where I have traveled, but my relief was only temporary, until a little over a year ago I started to take Peruna, and at the present time I am better than I have been for twenty years.

"The soreness has left my stomach entirely and I am free from indigestion and dyspepsia and will say to all who are troubled with catarrh or stomach trouble of any kind, don't put it off and suffer, but begin to take Peruna right away, and keep it up until you are cured, as you surely will be if you persevere.

"My wife, as many in the southwest can say, was troubled with a bad cough and bronchial trouble, and doctors all over the country gave her up to die, as they could do nothing more for her. She began taking Peruna with the result that she is better now than she has been in years, and her cough has almost left her entirely. The soreness has left her lungs and she is as well as she ever was in her life, with thanks, as she says, to Peruna. Yours very truly,

T. P. Moody.

Catarrh in its various forms is rapidly becoming a general curse. An undoubted remedy has been discovered by Dr. Hartman. This remedy has been thoroughly tested during the past forty years. Prominent men have come to know of its virtues, and are making public utterances on the subject. To save the country we must save the people. To save the people we must protect them from disease. The disease that is at once the most prevalent and stubborn of cure is catarrh.

If one were to make a list of the different names that have been applied to catarrh in different locations and organs, the result would be astonishing. We have often published a partial list of these names, and the surprise caused by the first publication of it to all people, both professional and non-professional, was amusing. And yet we have never enumerated all of the diseases which are classed as catarrh. It must be confessed, however, to see even this partial list drawn up in battle array is rather appalling. If the reader desires to see this list, together with a short exposition of each one, send for our free catarrh book. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Colonel T. P. Moody, of Chicago, Had Catarrh Twenty-five Years and Was Cured by Peruna.

ST. VITUS' DANCE

Three great and complete cures effected by Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy.

Mrs. J. A. Ferre, who resides near 905 Main Street, Hartford, Conn., says:

"My daughter Lulu became very ill with St. Vitus dance over a year ago. She became so bad that she lost the use of her right arm and side, and we thought at one time she would lose her speech. Her tongue was almost paralyzed. She was so bad she could not feed herself, and at night she would get so nervous I had to sit and hold her. I tried several doctors, but they did not do her any good. I did not find anything that would help her until I tried Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. She is now, by the use of this medicine, entirely cured."

C. H. Bailey, Esq., of Waterbury, Vt., writes:

"I am more than glad to write about my little daughter. Until a short time ago she had always been a very delicate child and subject to sick spells lasting weeks at a time. She was very nervous, and our family doctor said we would never raise her, she was so delicate and feeble. We tried many remedies without the least good. We felt much anxiety about her, especially as no doctors could benefit her, and had great fear for her future. Learning of the wonders being done by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I determined to give it to her. She soon commenced to improve under its use, and rapidly gained in every respect. She eats and sleeps well, and her nerves are strong. The medicine has done wonders for her and it is the best we ever knew. I recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, to everybody."

Mrs. J. Learmonth, of 776 Broadway, South Boston, Mass., says:

"At ten years of age my daughter became affected with a nervous condition which soon developed into St. Vitus' dance. It was pronounced by the attending physician to be a very severe attack. The mouth would be drawn spasmodically far to one side, the hands and arms were restless and constantly twitching. Her limbs also were weak; her ankles bent under her so that it was almost impossible to walk. She was so nervous that she would scream almost like a maniac and then have fits of crying. After two months' treatment without a cure, I concluded to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Three bottles entirely cured her. She is now thirteen years old, and has been well ever since, and to-day is a picture of health."

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 85 S. California Ave., Chicago.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

A. N. K.—C 1837

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Wine Making in Portugal.

In great emergency when all the men are demanded in the vineyards, women are called to assist in wine treading. Our correspondent saw young women wearing their own garments which they skilfully gather up around them until they assume the biggest and most abbreviated of Dutchman's "britchen" costumes, while in the winery.

THIS IS A SCENE IN THE VILLAGE OF QUINTAS, PORTUGAL.

An improved method of mashing by machinery is adopted **At the Speer Oporto Grape Vineyards,** PASSAIC, N. J. by which a barrel of grapes a minute is dumped in the hopper, that feed two large rubber rollers, between which the grapes are crushed.

The Port Wine from Speer's Vineyards beats the world for its valuable medicinal qualities. None put on the market now, until nine years old. **Weakly persons, Invalids, Females,** and **Aged persons,** should always have a bottle in the house. If properly used it will restore health and prolong life. It is by all odds the Wine for weddings, social entertainment and family use.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS WHO DEAL IN HIGH GRADE WINES.

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8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
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20	Whooping-Cough.....	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed....	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

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FOR 20 YEARS
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EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.
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For sale by L. Taggart. 35-26-ly.

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For all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles, Lame Back, Heart Disease, Skin Disease, Rheumatism, Bed Wetting, etc.
Unfailing in Female Weakness.
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Write for free Booklet.

Huntley.

Editor Press:—

B. J. Collins is busily engaged making ties in Big Run.

Henry Hill and Wm. Logue are skidding their logs.

Miss Birda Russell, of Wyside, is visiting her sister, Eliza, this week.

Rev. Steel preached a very touching sermon Sunday last.

Tom says that Sheater's liniment "is all right" for stone bruises.

Jesse Johnson spent a few days with his parents last week.

Burt Tanner was a caller at A. F. Nelson's Sunday.

On the last Sunday evening of October a portion of the Salvation Army were out with their musical instrumeuts trying to convert the heathen; but the heathen refused to listen to the pleadings and stoned them. The army, however, being composed of good, brave soldiers stood the test, like Stephen of old. The pagans would not yield; they love darkness rather than light; because their deeds are evil they fear the light, lest they be reproved. May the day soon come when every home in Huntly will be a house of prayer and every heart a fit place for the indwelling of the Holy Spirit.

K. T.

Huntley, Nov. 5.

***

Rev. Steel preached a very able sermon in the church at this place on Sunday last.

Our town was well represented by Grove Hill citizens last Saturday.

Mrs. Matt. Cummings and two children of Renovo were the guests of Mrs. C's father, Mr. Minard Farley, of this place over Sunday.

O. B. Tanner of Mason Hill was the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. F. Nelson and family, over Sunday.

Mrs. Alonzo Nelson of First Fork is visiting her father, Mr. Harrison Logue, at this place.

Miss Grace and Lizzie Devling and brother John were callers at G. S. Hill's on Sunday.

One evening last week, while a young gentleman and lady were out walking, they were treated to a serenade by some boys, but the fun was not so hilarious when the young man opened a volley of stones upon them, which had quite serious effect.

Elmer E. Hill was out with his flyer Sunday afternoon but the girls did not take the hint. Try again, old boy.

Mason Hill.

Editor Press:—

The battle has been fought and the victory won.

Born Nov. 2d, to Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Walker, a son of the usual weight—ten pounds.

Mrs. O. S. Bailey and son, Glenn, visited on the Hill over Sunday with her brother, C. M. Bailey and wife.

Supt. Miss Mattie M. Collins paid our schools a visit ono day last week.

Miss Flossie Nyce, of Niceville, was a caller on the Hill Sunday.

Mr. Sibley goes to Congress for another term and Mr. Emery returns to California. Yum! Yum!

J. M. Euglish went to Emporium on Wednesday, carrying up Sibley's majority from Gibson. The so-called Republicans who voted against Mr. Moore had better go and hide their faces in shame.

☞

See a lot of young girls in another column with their garments tucked up treading grapes in a Quinto vilage of Portugal during the wine making season. The practice is kept up to this day. Speer of New Jersey, however, uses rubber rollers and makes the most superior wines of the world. 33-8t

No attention is paid to the almanac by the weather.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

On the first and third Tuesdays in each month during 1900, from Chicago via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, to points in Iowa, South and North Dakota, Minnesota, Montana, Colorado, Utah, Nebraska, Oregon and Washington at the rate of one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, good 21 days. For further information call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 486 William street, Williamsport, Pa. Dec. 10

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Sole Makers. Kalamazoo, Mich.
FOR SALE BY
W. H. Cramer 37tf

ALL SORTS.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best liver pills ever made. Easy to take and never gripe. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The bonery as well as the gallery has some prize beauties to show.

When you want prompt acting little pills that never gripe use DeWitt's Little Early Risers. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Croker gives evidence of the need of a little ice under his collar.

Both makers and circulators of counterfeits commit fraud. Honest men will not deceive you into buying worthless counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The original is infallibly for curing piles, injuries, eczema and skin diseases. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

It's hard to hear anything except the clamor of the claiming.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will quickly heal the worst burns and scalds and not leave a scar. It can be applied to cuts and raw surfaces with prompt and soothing effect. Use it for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

HERBINE sweetens the breath, brightens the eyes and clears the complexion without the slightest ill effects whatever, and ensures the natural bloom of health. Price 25c. L. Taggart. nov

Between Burgess and Thompson the Westmoreland hangman was nearly cheated out of a job.

If you have ever seen a child in the agony of croup you can realize how grateful mothers are for One Minute Cough Cure which gives relief as soon as it is administered. It quickly cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The wheelbarrow bets are now in course of liquidation.

WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE removes the unhealthy tissue upon which worms thrive; it brings, and quickly, a healthy condition of body, where worms cannot exist. Price 25c. L. Taggart. nov

The "blowing" ability of Boni ought to enahle him to earn good money in the real estate business.

Many people worry because they believe they have heart disease. The chances are that their hearts are all right but their stomachs are unable to digest food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and prevents the formation of gas which mnkes the stomach press against the heart. It will cure every torm of indigestion. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Count Boni isn't a Jay Could, but he's a bird just the same.

Never try to coax a cold or cough, use the remedy that unfailingly conquers both. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP is the great specific for all throat and lung troubles. Price 25 and 50 cents. L Taggart. nov

If Cuba can stand base ball we may rest assured that she is thoroughly pacified.

Many people are suffering fearfully from indigestion or dyspepsia, when one single bottle of HEBINE would bring about a prompt and permanent cure. A few doses will do more for a weak stomach than a prolonged course of any other medicine. Price 50 cents. L. Taggart. nov

Boni may turn Populist on being cut down to a beggarly $600,000 a year.

For all fresh cuts or wounds, either on the human subject or on animals, BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is excellent; while for corn huskers' sprained wrists, barbed-wire cuts and sores on working horses, it cannot be too highly commended. Price 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart. nov

If the Goulds had a couple more counts it would keep them hustling.

Easy to Cure a Cold

if you go about it right. Take two or three Krause's Cold Cure Capsules during the day and two before retiring at night. This will insure a good night's rest and a free movement of the bowels next morning. Continuing the treatment next day and your cold will melt away. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. nov

The householder was tempted to say "cornfound it all!"

When You Get a Headache

don't waste a minute but go to your druggist and get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules. They will prevent pain, even though your skull was cracked. They are harmless, too. Read the guarantee. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. nov

Bandits will hereafter avoid the climate of Westmoreland.

For Shattered Nerves.

A remedy that will soothe, build up the wasted tissues and enrich the blood is indispensable. Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound has been wonderfully successful in cases of nervousness, as thousands of grateful people will testify. Sold by L. Taggart. nov

Did you ever hear a rattling on the window panes?

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cough or a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. One Minute Cough Cure will cure throat and lung troubles quicker than any other preparation known. Many doctors use it as a specific for grippe. It is an infallible remedy for croup. Children like it and mothers endorse it. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Krause's Headache Capsules

will instantly cure headache of any kind. Being purely vegetable they are harmless and leave no bad after effects. We offer $500 reward for any trace of antipyrine, morphine, chloral or any injurious substance found in them. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. nov

How did they celebrate before the days of cow-bells?

There is probably no disease more distressing and annoying than piles. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is daily curing cases of years' standing of itching and bleeding piles. The cure begins on the first application, a littly perseverence makes the cure complete. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tubes 75 cents. L Taggart. nov

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

Great Luck of an Editor.

"For two years all efforts to cure eczema in the palms of my hands failed," writes Editor H. N. Lester, of Syracuse, Kan., "then I was wholly cured by Bucklin's Arnica Salve." It's the world's best for eruptions, sores and all skin diseases. Only 25c at L. Taggart's. nov

The pictures cannot deny their gilt.

That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25c. Money back if not cured. Sold by L. Taggart, druggist. nov

Here we are in "chill November."

Woman's Life....

is hard enough as it is. It is to her that we owe our world, and everything should be made as easy as possible for her at the time of childbirth. This is just what

MOTHER'S FRIEND

will do. It will make baby's coming easy and painless, and that without taking dangerous drugs into the system. It is simply to be applied to the muscles of the abdomen. It penetrates through the skin carrying strength and elasticity with it. It strengthens the whole system and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy.

The mother of a plumb babe in Panama, Mo., says: "I have used Mother's Friend and can praise it highly."

Get Mother's Friend at the Drug Store, $1 per bottle.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., ATLANTA, GA.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

CELERY KING NATURE'S CURE TRADE MARK

Dangerous Kidney Diseases.

Celery King has cured me of kidney disease. The doctor feared Bright's disease, and tried many remedies that gave me no help. Celery King has made me as well as ever in my life, and it seems almost as though a miracle had been wrought in my case.—Jennie O. Reichard, Springtown, Pa.

Celery King cures Constipation and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 4
Sold by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

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Forsale by L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa.

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for Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.
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